

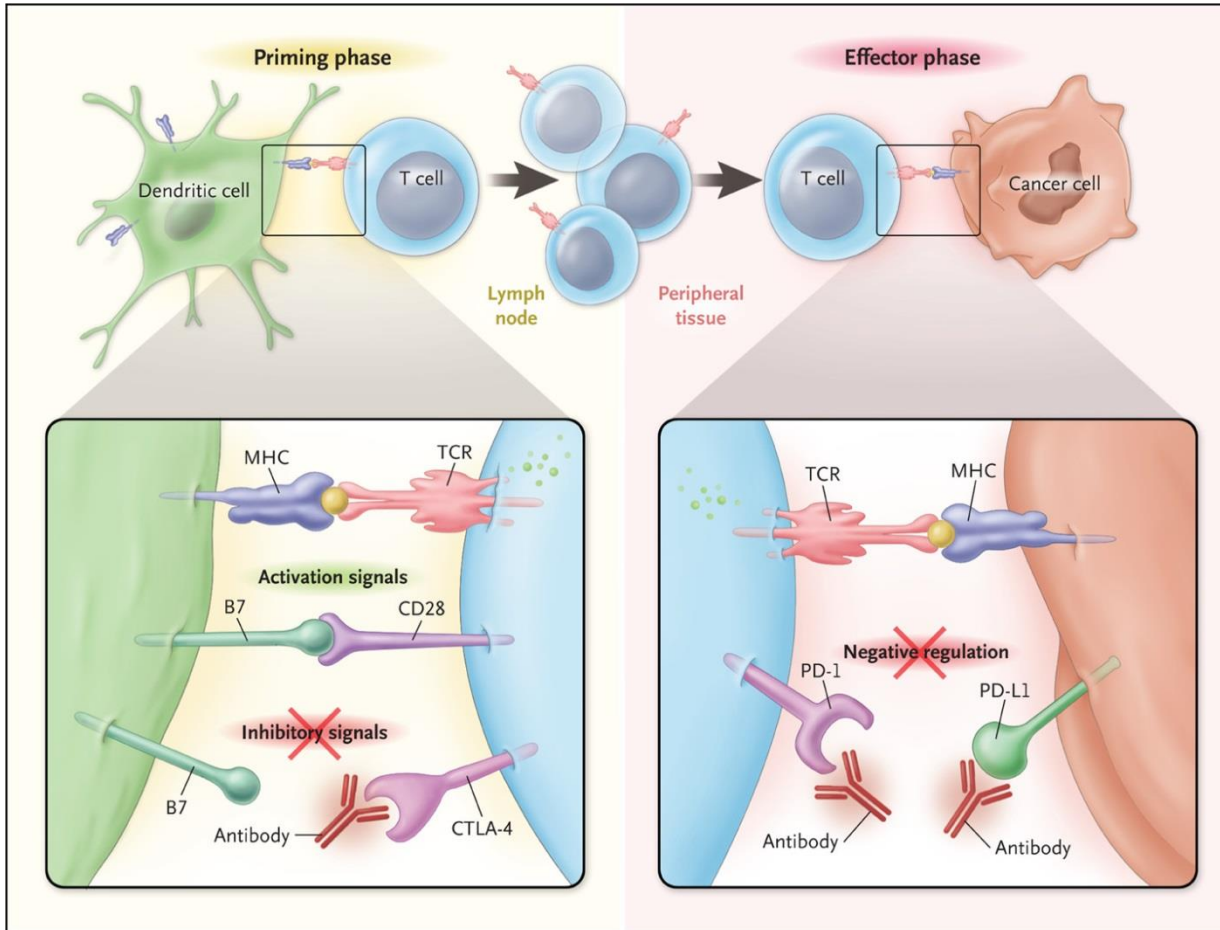


CHECKPOINT INHIBITORS IN DE KLINISCHE PRAKTIJK ENDOCRINOLOGISCHE BIJWERKINGEN

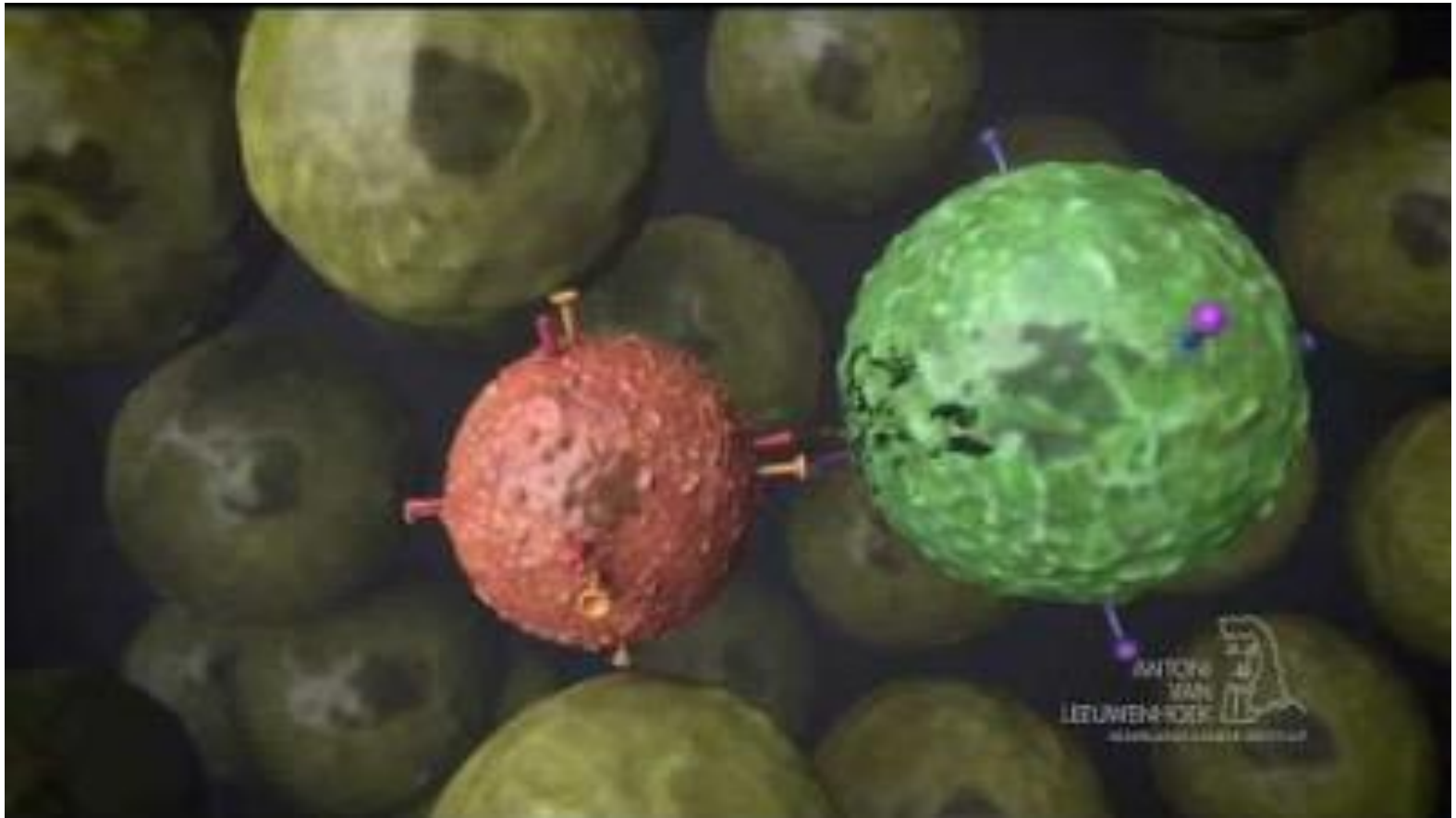
Sofie Wilgenhof, internist-oncoloog Antoni van Leeuwenhoek ziekenhuis
8 December 2021



ANTI-CTLA-4 EN ANTI-PD-1/L1 ANTILICHAMEN

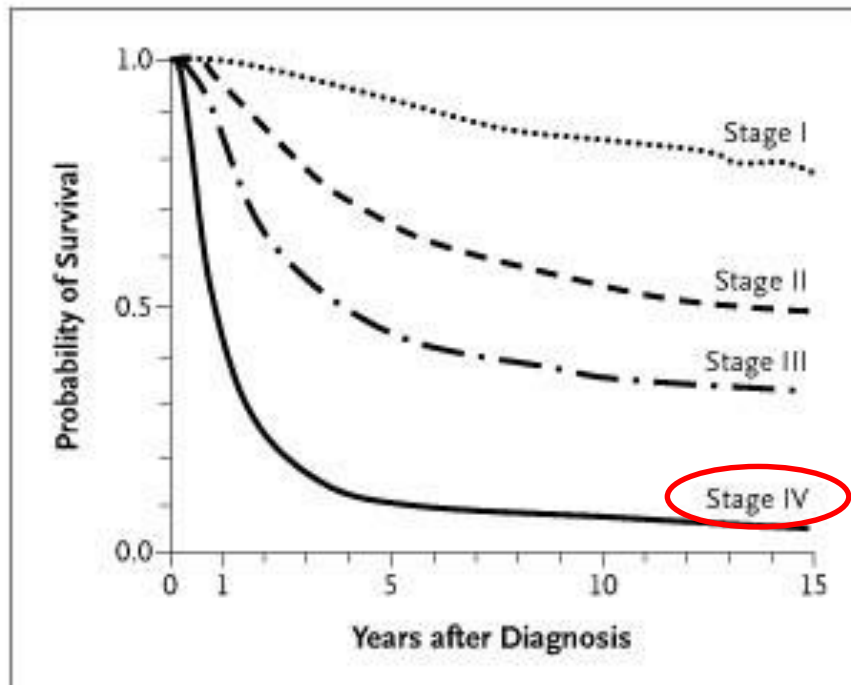


CHECKPOINTREMMERS



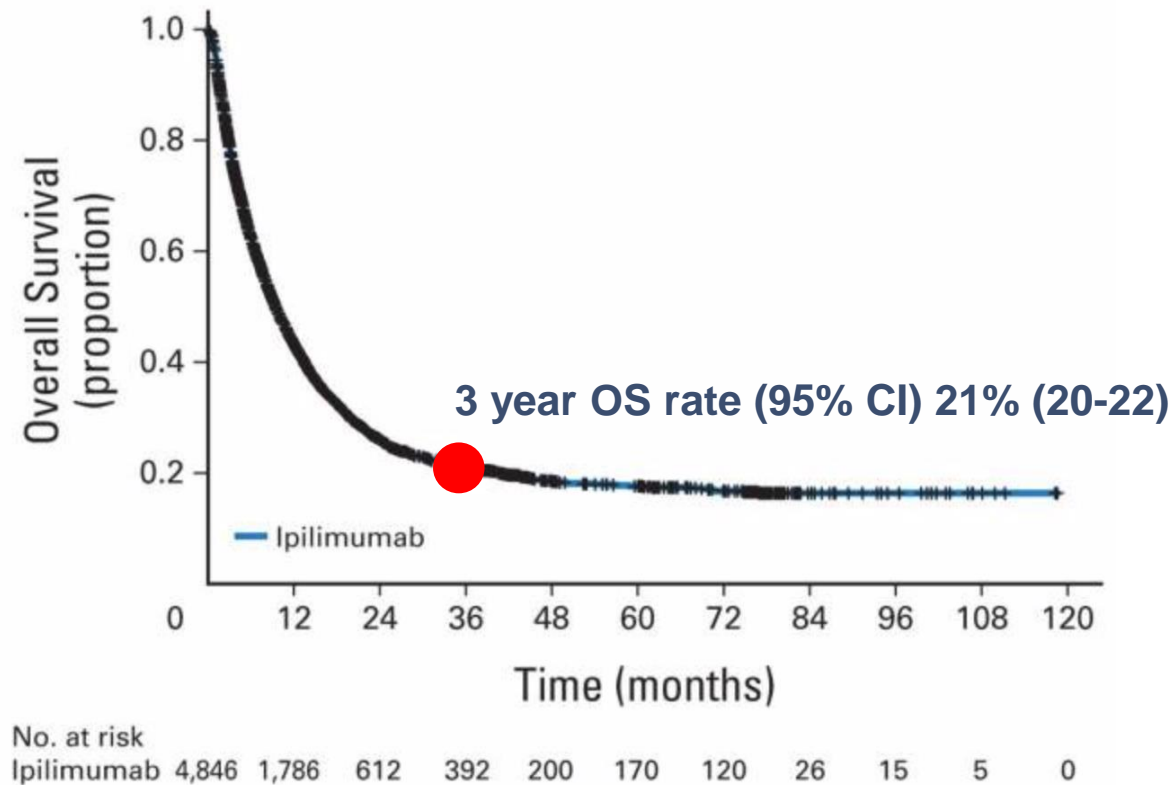
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zNvcG_1ffok

TOT 2010: STADIUM IV MELANOOM



- Mediane overleving 6 tot 10 maanden
- 5j OS < 5%

LANGE TERMIJN OVERLEVING BIJ 4846 PATIENTEN BEHANDELD MET IPILIMUMAB

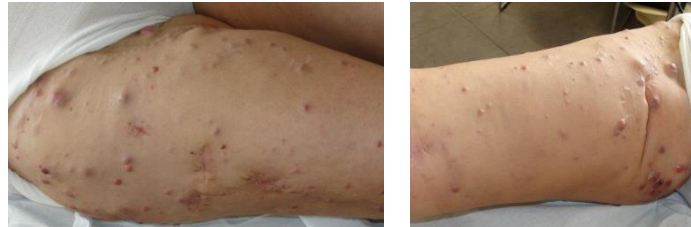


ATYPISCHE TUMORRESPONSEN

Pre-treatment

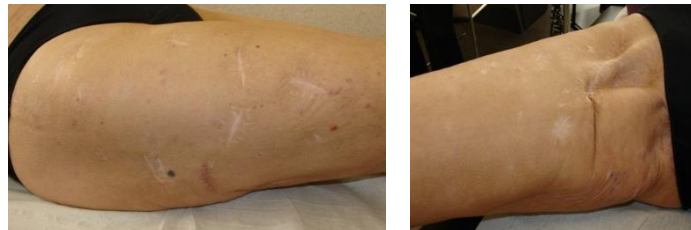


During treatment
(3 weeks)



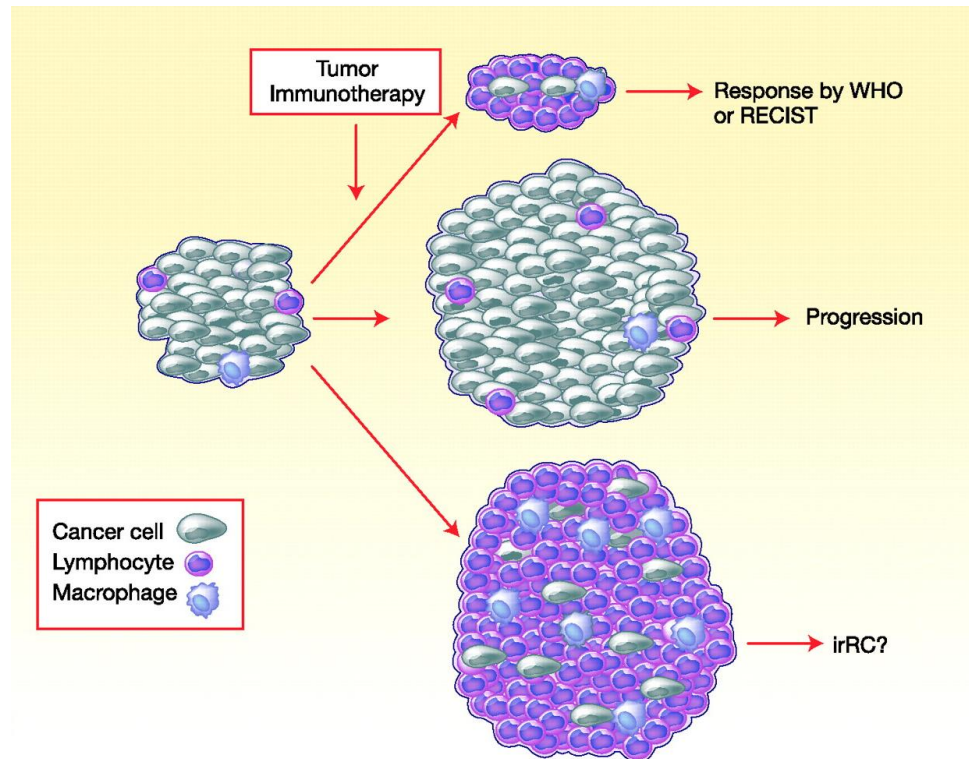
Toename van metastasen

1 year
Post-treatment



Afname van metastasen

PSEUDOPROGRESSIE



Wolchock et al. CCR. 2009

20 December 2013 | \$10

Science

Breakthrough of the Year **2013**
Cancer
Immunotherapy
T cells on the attack



AAAS

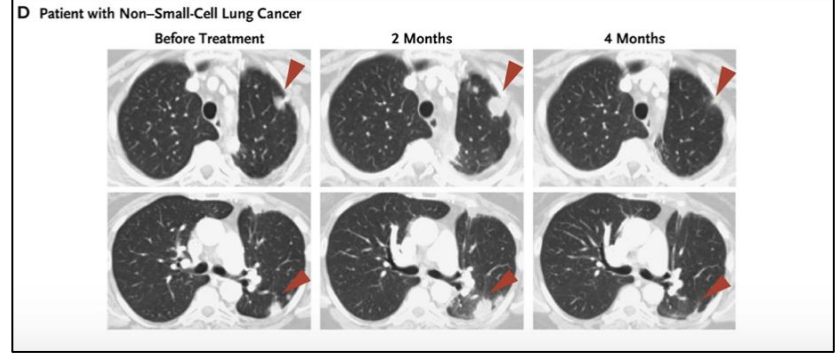
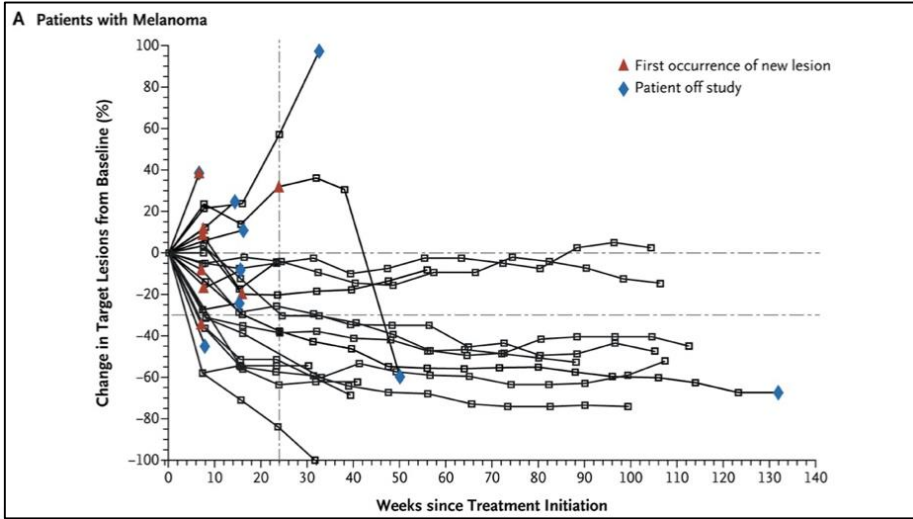
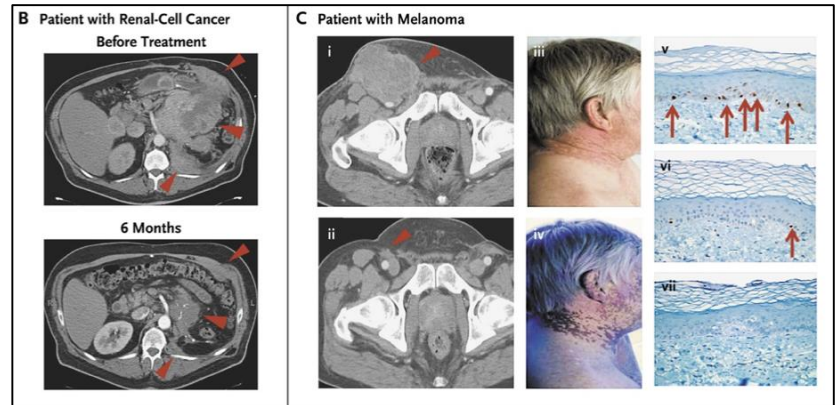
ANTI-PD-1 ANTILICHAAM

The **NEW ENGLAND**
JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ESTABLISHED IN 1812 JUNE 28, 2012 VOL. 366 NO. 26

**Safety, Activity, and Immune Correlates
of Anti-PD-1 Antibody in Cancer**

Suzanne L. Topalian, M.D., F. Stephen Hodi, M.D., Julie R. Brahmer, M.D., Scott N. Gettinger, M.D.,
David C. Smith, M.D., David F. McDermott, M.D., John D. Powderly, M.D., Richard D. Carvajal, M.D.,
Jeffrey A. Sosman, M.D., Michael B. Atkins, M.D., Philip D. Leming, M.D., David R. Spigel, M.D.,
Scott J. Antonia, M.D., Ph.D., Leora Horn, M.D., Charles G. Drake, M.D., Ph.D., Drew M. Pardoll, M.D., Ph.D.,
Lieping Chen, M.D., Ph.D., William H. Sharfman, M.D., Robert A. Anders, M.D., Ph.D., Janis M. Taube, M.D.,
Tracee L. McMiller, M.S., Haiying Xu, B.A., Alan J. Korman, Ph.D., Maria Jure-Kunkel, Ph.D., Shruti Agrawal, Ph.D.,
Daniel McDonald, M.B.A., Georgia D. Kollia, Ph.D., Ashok Gupta, M.D., Ph.D., Jon M. Wigginton, M.D.,
and Mario Sznol, M.D.



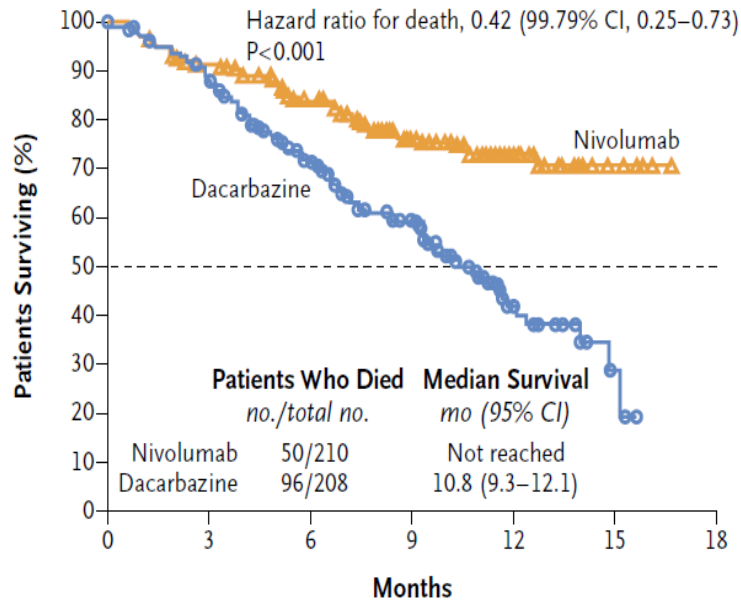
ANTI-PD-1 ANTILICHAAM: MELANOOM

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Nivolumab in Previously Untreated Melanoma without BRAF Mutation

A Overall Survival



No. at Risk

	0	3	6	9	12	15	18
Nivolumab	210	185	150	105	45	8	0
Dacarbazine	208	177	123	82	22	3	0

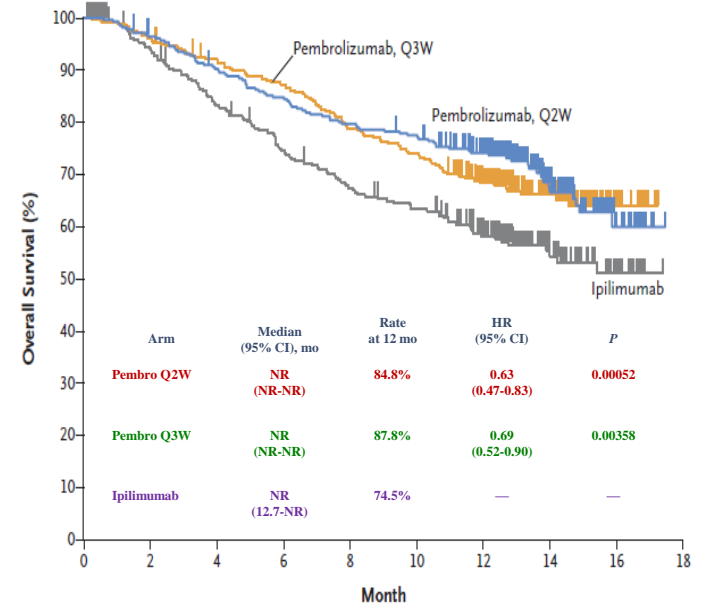
This article was published on November 16, 2014, at NEJM.org.

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Pembrolizumab versus Ipilimumab in Advanced Melanoma

B Overall Survival

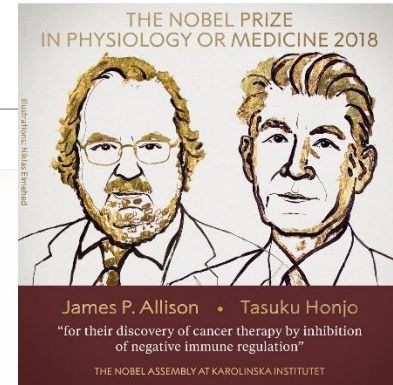
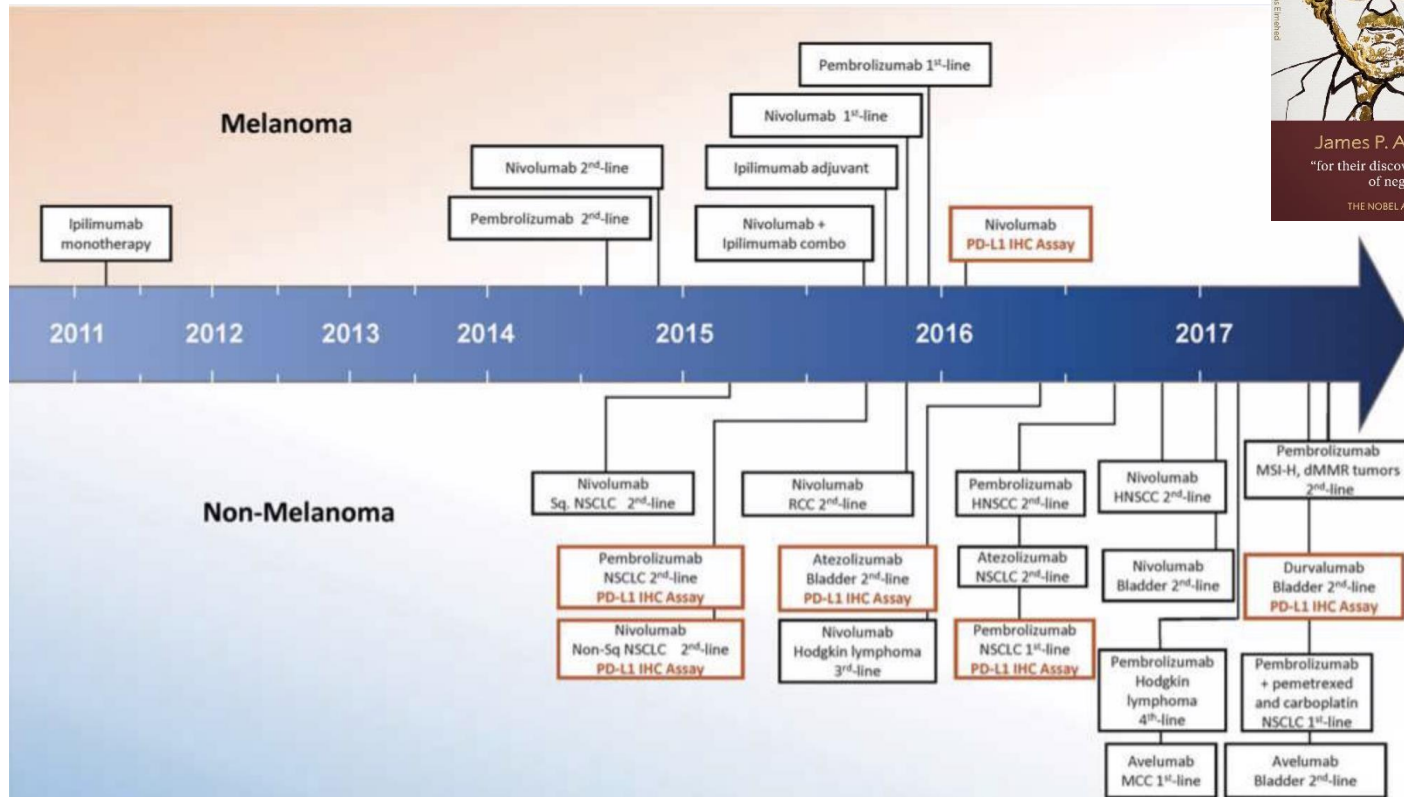


No. at Risk

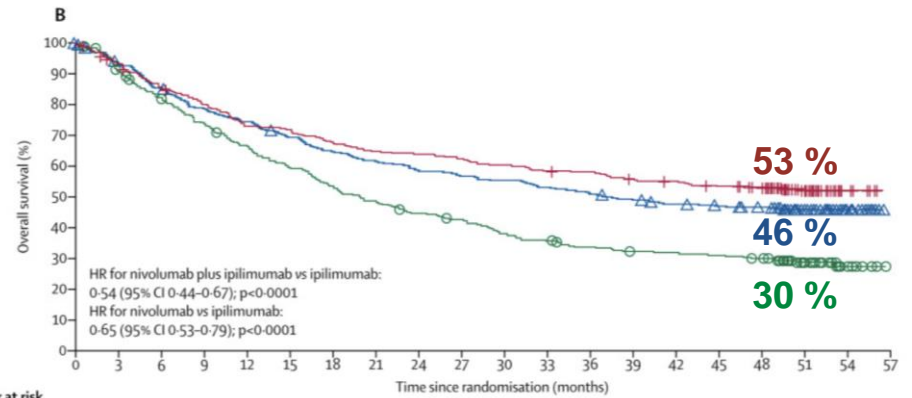
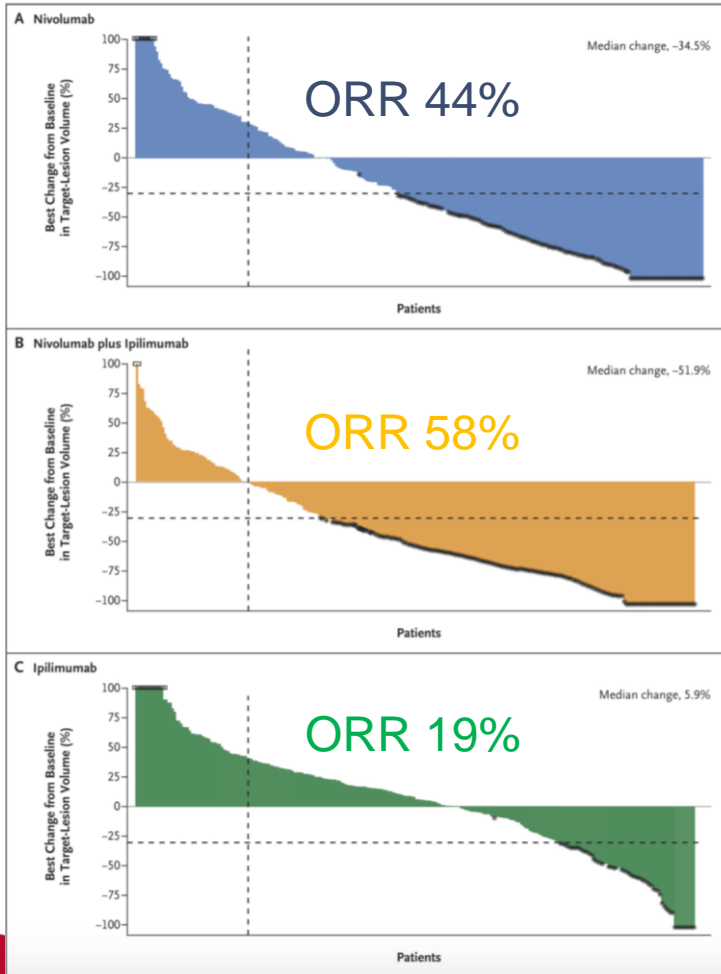
	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
Pembrolizumab, Q2W	279	266	248	233	219	212	177	67	19	0
Pembrolizumab, Q3W	277	266	251	238	215	202	158	71	18	0
Ipilimumab	278	242	212	188	169	157	117	51	17	0

This article was published on April 19, 2015, at NEJM.org.

FDA GOEDKEURINGEN CHECKPOINT INHIBITOREN



COMBINATIE IMMUNOTHERAPIE BIJ MELANOOM: IPIILIMUMAB + NIVOLUMAB

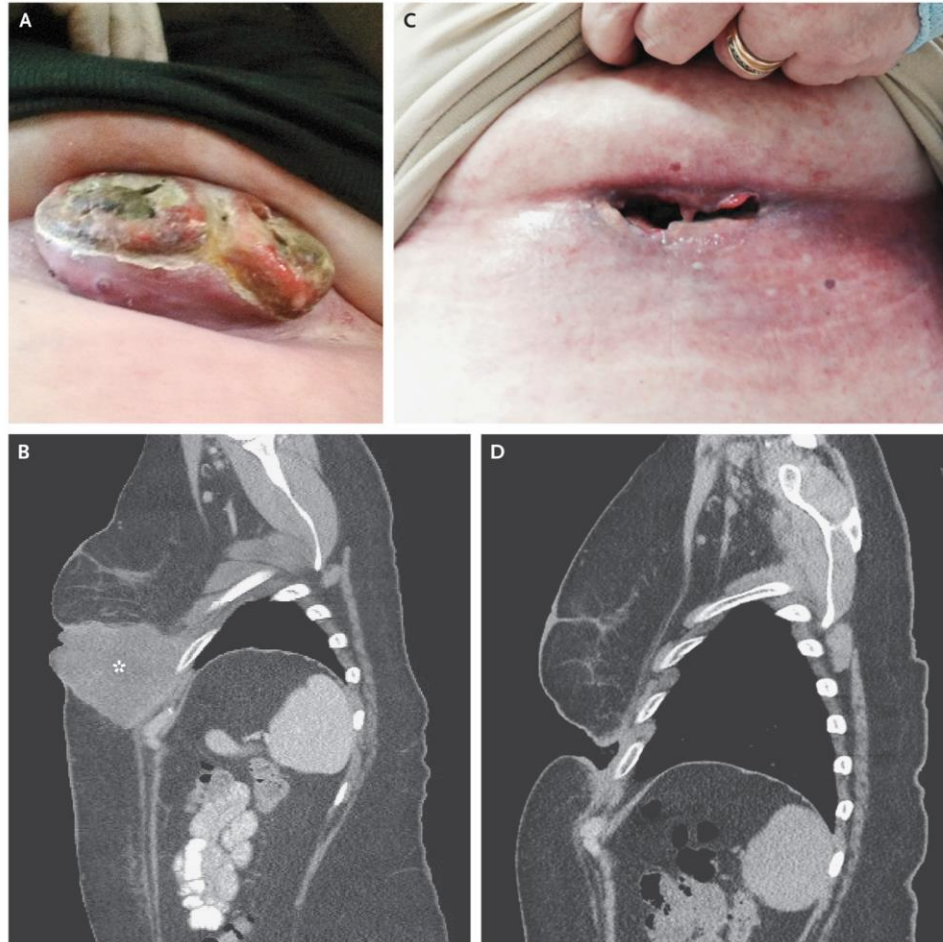


Number at risk (number censored)

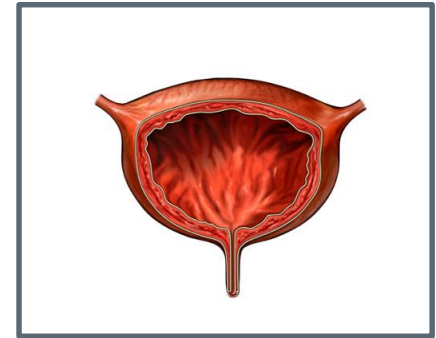
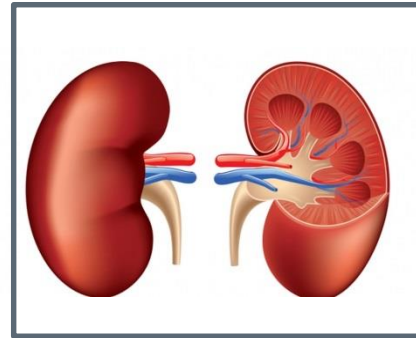
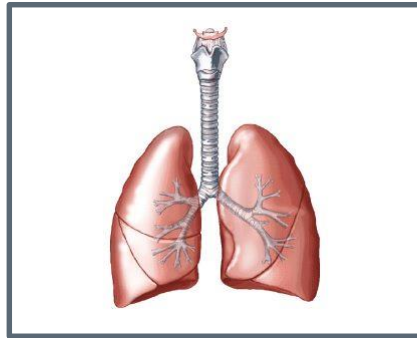
	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48	51	54	57
Nivolumab plus ipilimumab	314 (0)	292 (3)	265 (4)	247 (5)	226 (5)	221 (5)	209 (5)	200 (5)	198 (5)	192 (5)	186 (5)	180 (5)	178 (6)	171 (6)	166 (9)	160 (10)	154 (15)	96 (71)	13 (154)	0 (167)
Nivolumab	316 (0)	292 (4)	266 (4)	245 (5)	231 (5)	214 (6)	201 (6)	191 (6)	181 (6)	175 (6)	171 (6)	164 (6)	158 (6)	150 (7)	144 (9)	140 (11)	135 (15)	85 (63)	18 (130)	0 (148)
Ipilimumab	315 (0)	285 (4)	253 (7)	227 (8)	203 (9)	181 (9)	163 (9)	148 (9)	135 (10)	128 (11)	113 (11)	107 (11)	99 (13)	94 (14)	93 (14)	90 (14)	86 (15)	50 (48)	11 (86)	0 (97)

Larkin et al. NEJM. 2015; Hodi et al. Lancet Oncol. 2018

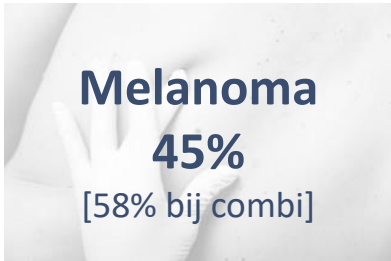
SNELLE TUMORRESPONS NA SLECHTS 1 TOEDIENING IPIILIMUMAB + NIVOLUMAB:




BIJ WELKE KANKERS WORDEN CHECKPOINTTREMMEERS VANDAAG GEBRUIKT?



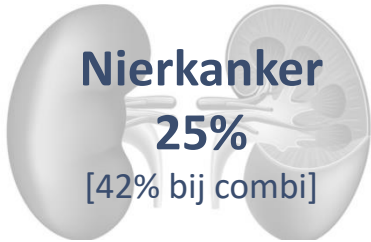
BIJ WELKE KANKERS WORDEN CHECKPOINTREMMERS GEBRUIKT?



Melanoma
45%
[58% bij combi]



Niet-kleincellig longkanker
20%
[hoge (>50%) PD-L1 expressie (25%): 45%]



Nierkanker
25%
[42% bij combi]



Blaaskanker
15%

Merkel cel carcinoom
30-50%

Hodgkin lymfoom
65-85%

Hoofd-en hals tumoren
15%

Plaveiselcelcarcinoom van de huid
50%

Darmkanker
[MSI-H (5%): 50%]

Slokdarm/maagkanker
60% (icm chemotherapie)

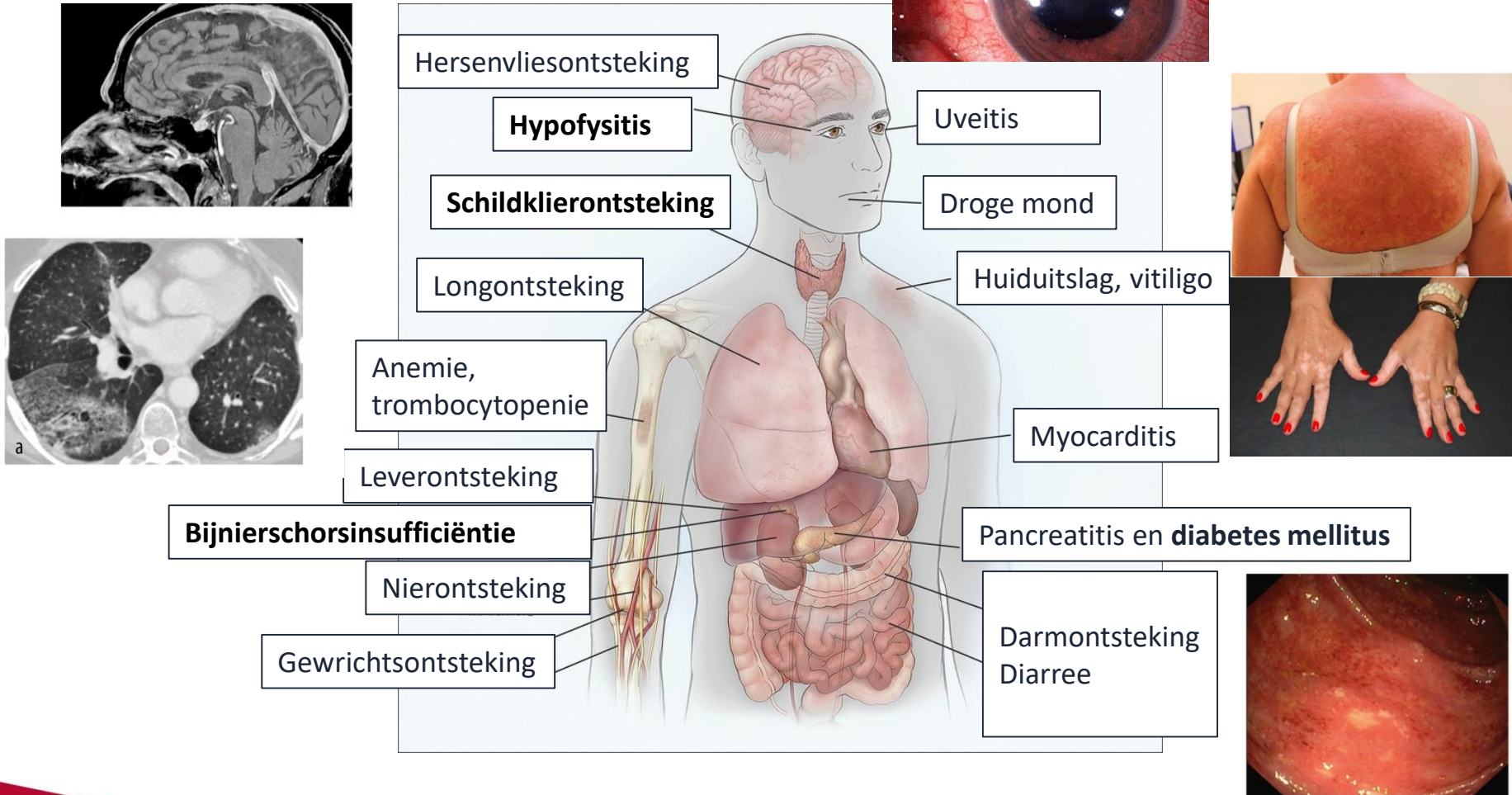
Leverkanker
30%

Borstkanker
(PD-L1+ TNBC)
53% (icm chemotherapie)

Mesothelioom
40% (combi)

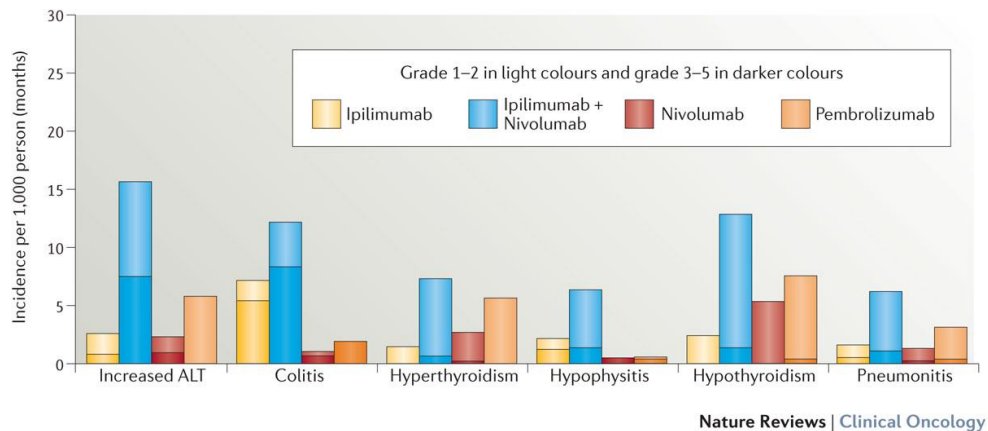
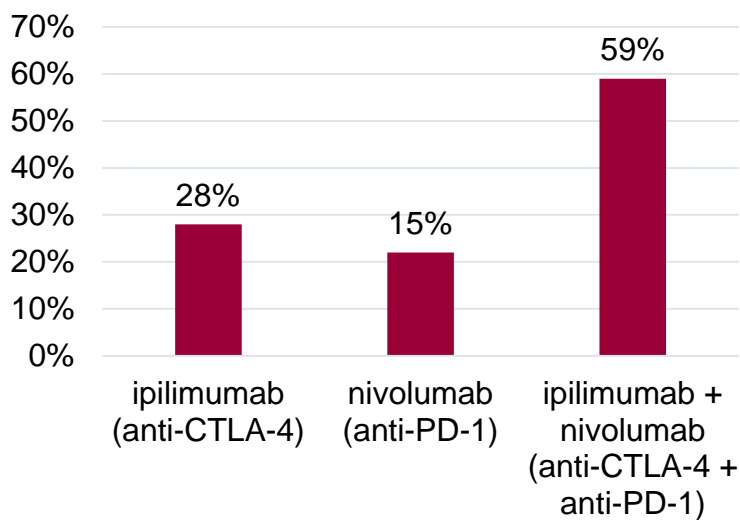
Kleincellig longkanker
60% (icm chemotherapie)

BIJWERKINGEN



ERNSTIGE BIJWERKINGEN

Ernstige (graad 3-4) toxiciteit



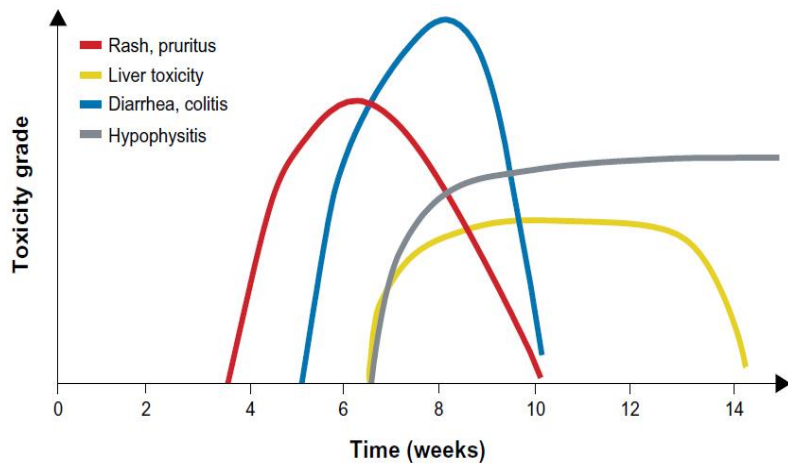
Nature Reviews | Clinical Oncology

Hodi et al. Lancet Oncol. 2018

Boutros, C. et al. Nat. Rev. Clin. Oncol. 2016

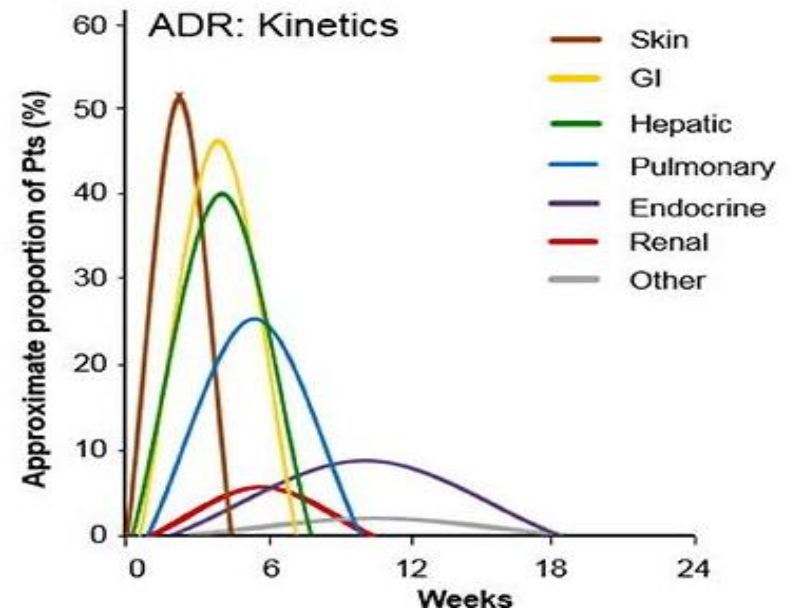
TIJDSTIP VAN OPTREDEN VAN DE BIJWERKINGEN

ipilimumab monotherapie



Weber et al. JCO 2012

combinatie immunotherapie



Hassel et al. Cancer Treatment Reviews. 2017

IMMUUNTHERAPIE BIJWERKINGEN

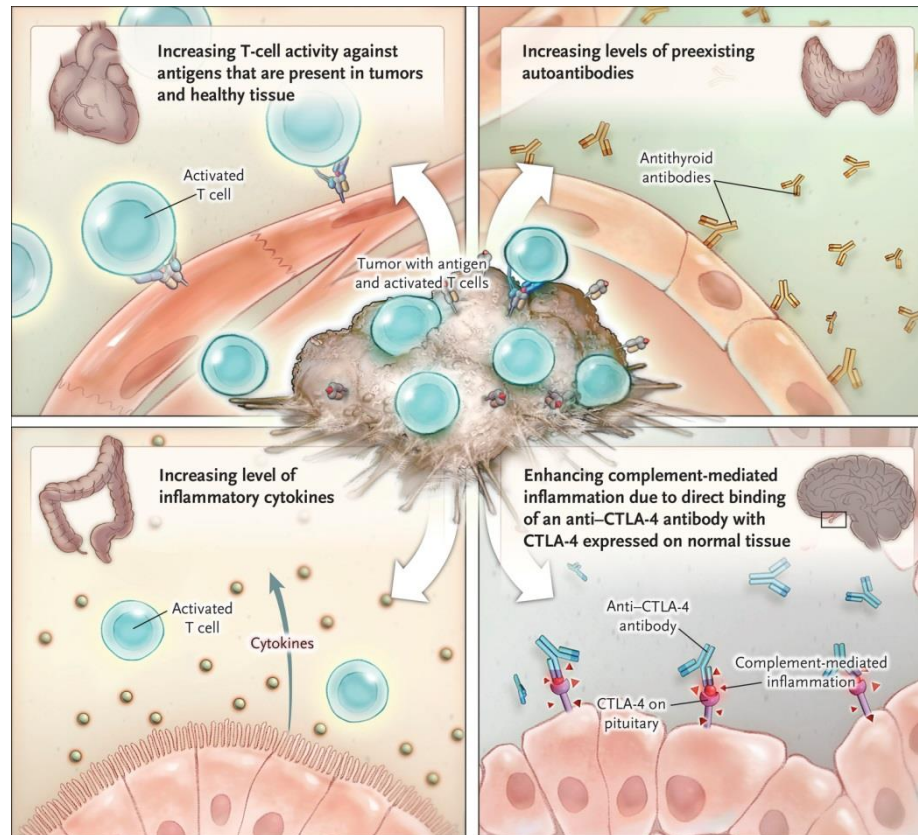
REVERSIBEL

- colitis
- hepatitis
- dermatitis
- pneumonitis

NIET REVERSIBEL

- **Endocrinopathie** met hormonale substitutie
Thyroiditis; hypothyreoidie
Hypofysitis
Hypothyreoidie, hypocortisolisme
uitval gonadotrope as
Diabetes mellitus
- Restverschijnselen na eerdere ernstige toxiciteit
Neurologische toxiciteit → neuropathie
Hypocortisolisme/osteoporose na
langdurig prednison gebruik
- Aanhoudende laaggradige toxiciteit
Gewrichtsklachten
Droge mond/droge ogen
Moeheid
Vitiligo
Jeuk/huidirritatie

MOGELIJKE MECHANISMEN IMMUUNGERELATEERDE BIJWERKINGEN



1 BEHANDELING VAN BIJWERKINGEN

immunotherapie

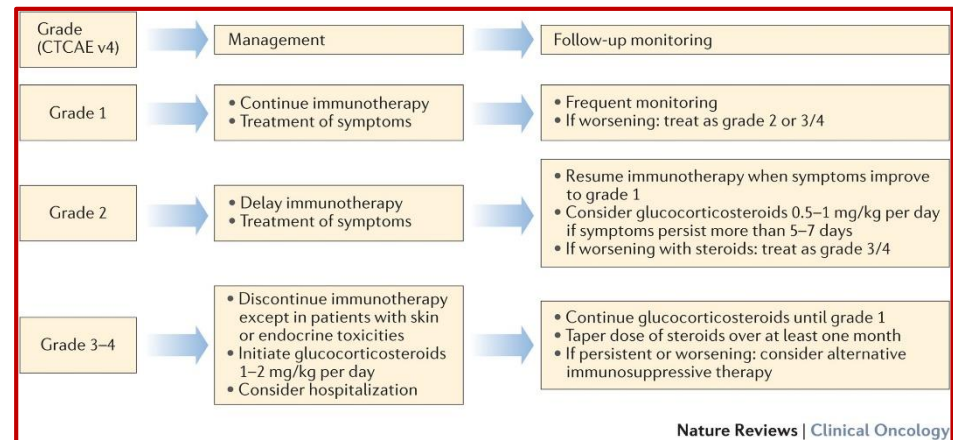
- (Tijdelijk) staken van immunotherapie
- Immunosuppressiva:
 - glucocorticoïden (oraal/intraveneus)
 - anti-TNF-alpha (infliximab)
 - mycofenolaatmofetil
 - tacrolimus



CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINES

Management of toxicities from immunotherapy:
ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines for diagnosis,
treatment and follow-up[†]

J. B. A. G. Haanen¹, F. Carbone², C. Robert³, K. M. Kerr⁴, S. Peters⁵, J. Larkin⁶ & K. Jordan⁷, on behalf of the ESMO Guidelines Committee^{*}



Boutros, C. et al. Nat. Rev. Clin. Oncol. 2016

VRAGEN

