



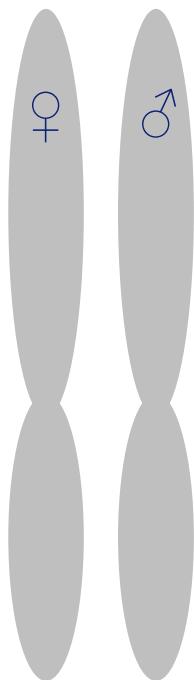
# CNV detectie mbv NGS

Ina Geurts-Giele, KMBPio  
afdeling Pathologie  
Erasmus MC, Rotterdam

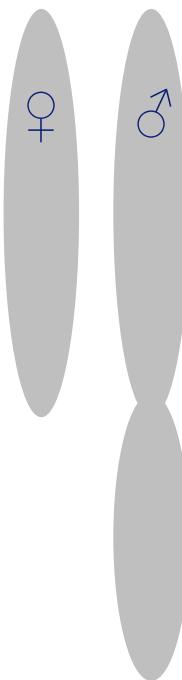
Deelnemersbijeenkomst SKML sectie Pathologie  
26-05-2016

# Typen grote chromosomale afwijkingen

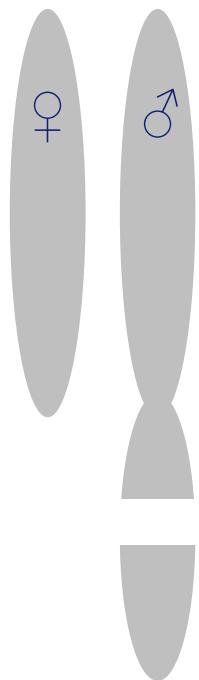
normaal



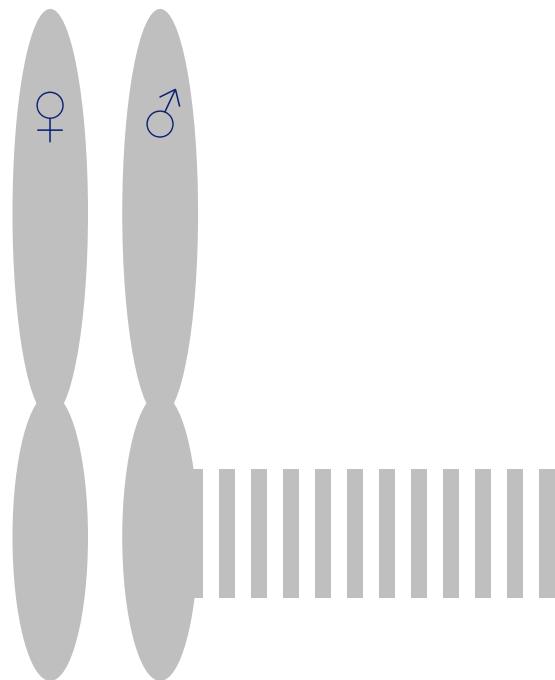
verlies



homozygote deletie



amplicatie



# Methodes van diagnostische detectie van CNV

- FISH – fluorescentie in situ hybridisatie
- MLPA – multiplex ligation-dependent probe amplification
- Microsatelliet analyse



- Nieuw (binnen diagnostiek setting): SNP analyse

# Single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs)

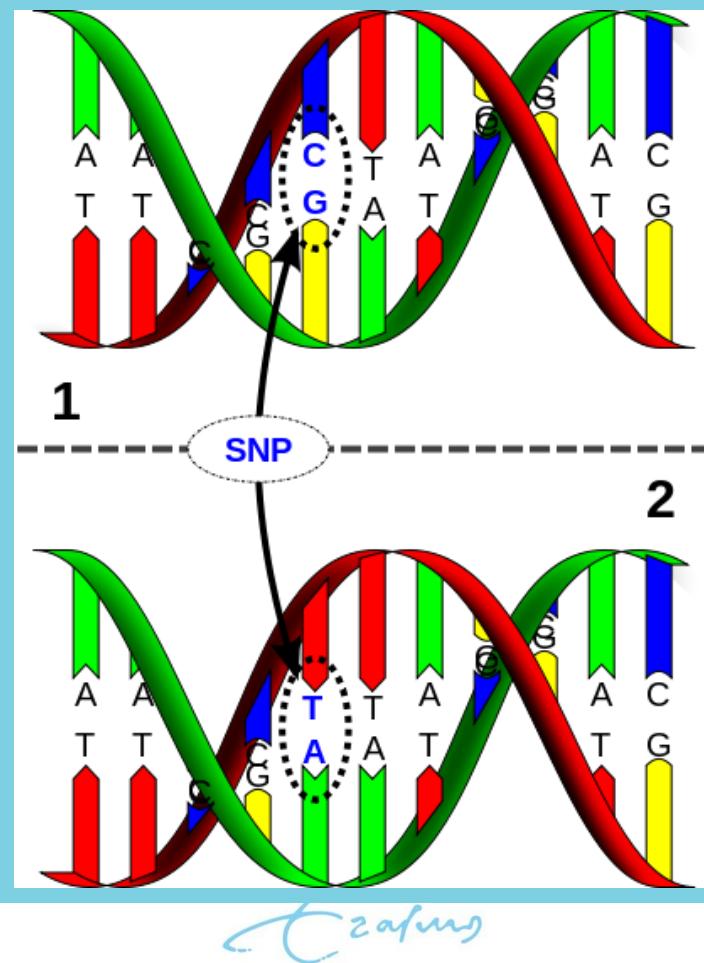
Natuurlijk voorkomende variaties die betrekking hebben op één basenpaar

Allel 1

AAGC**C**TAGCAC  
TTCGG**G**ATCGTG

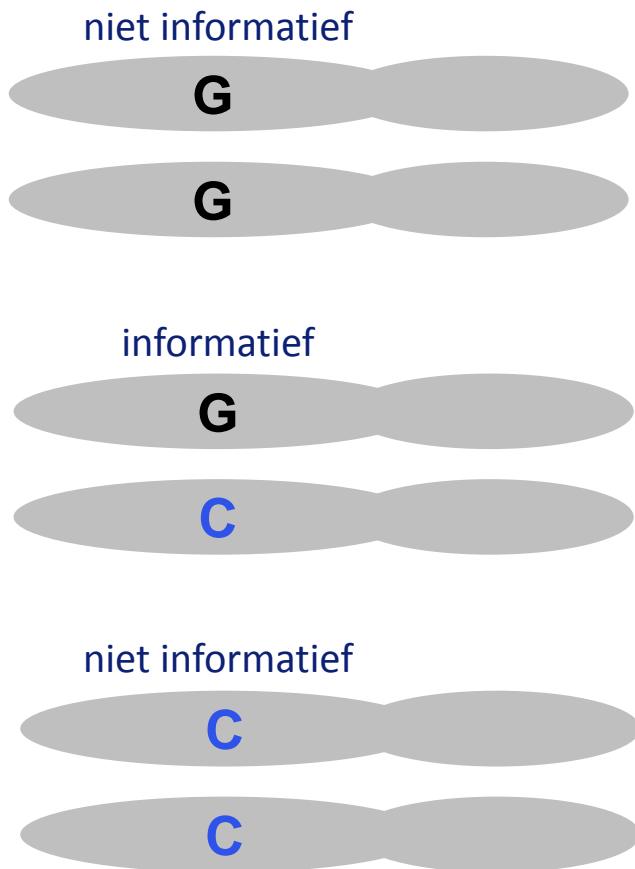
Allel 2

AAG**G**TAGCAC  
TTCG**A**ATCGTG

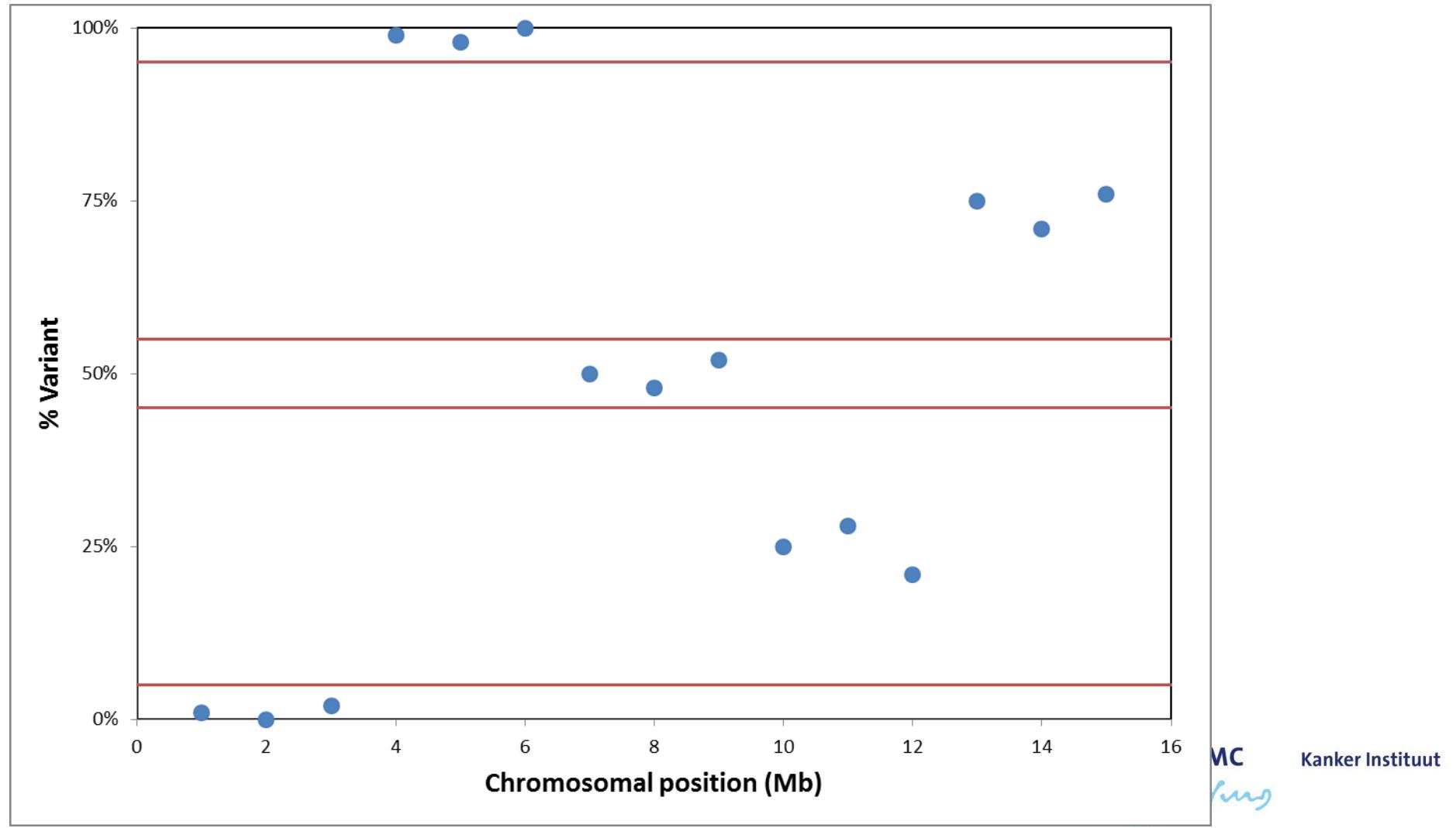


# CNV analyse mbv SNPs

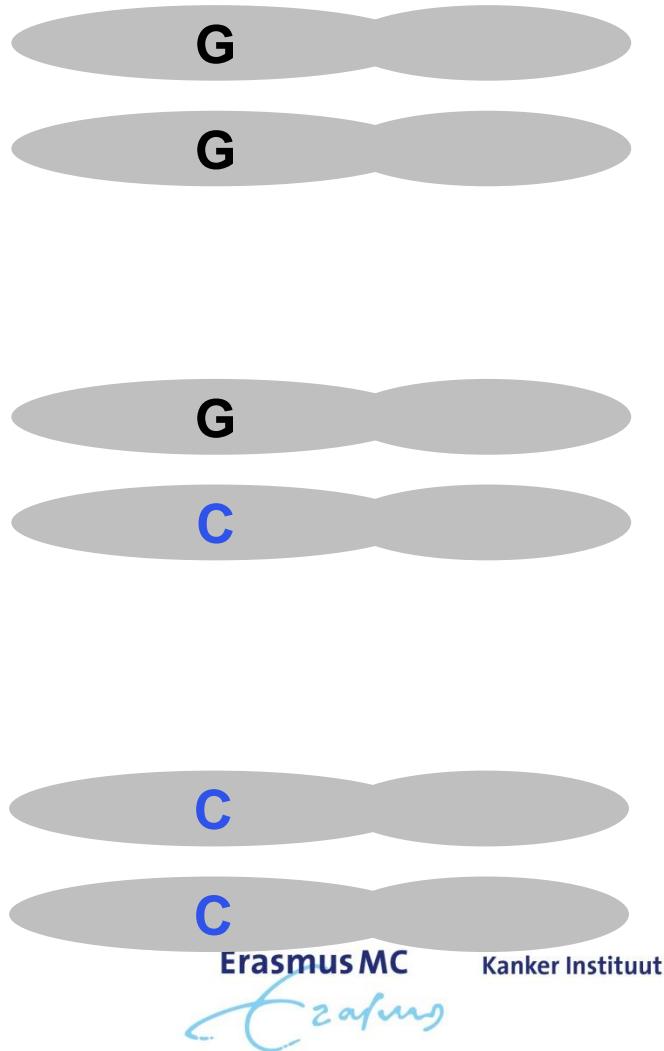
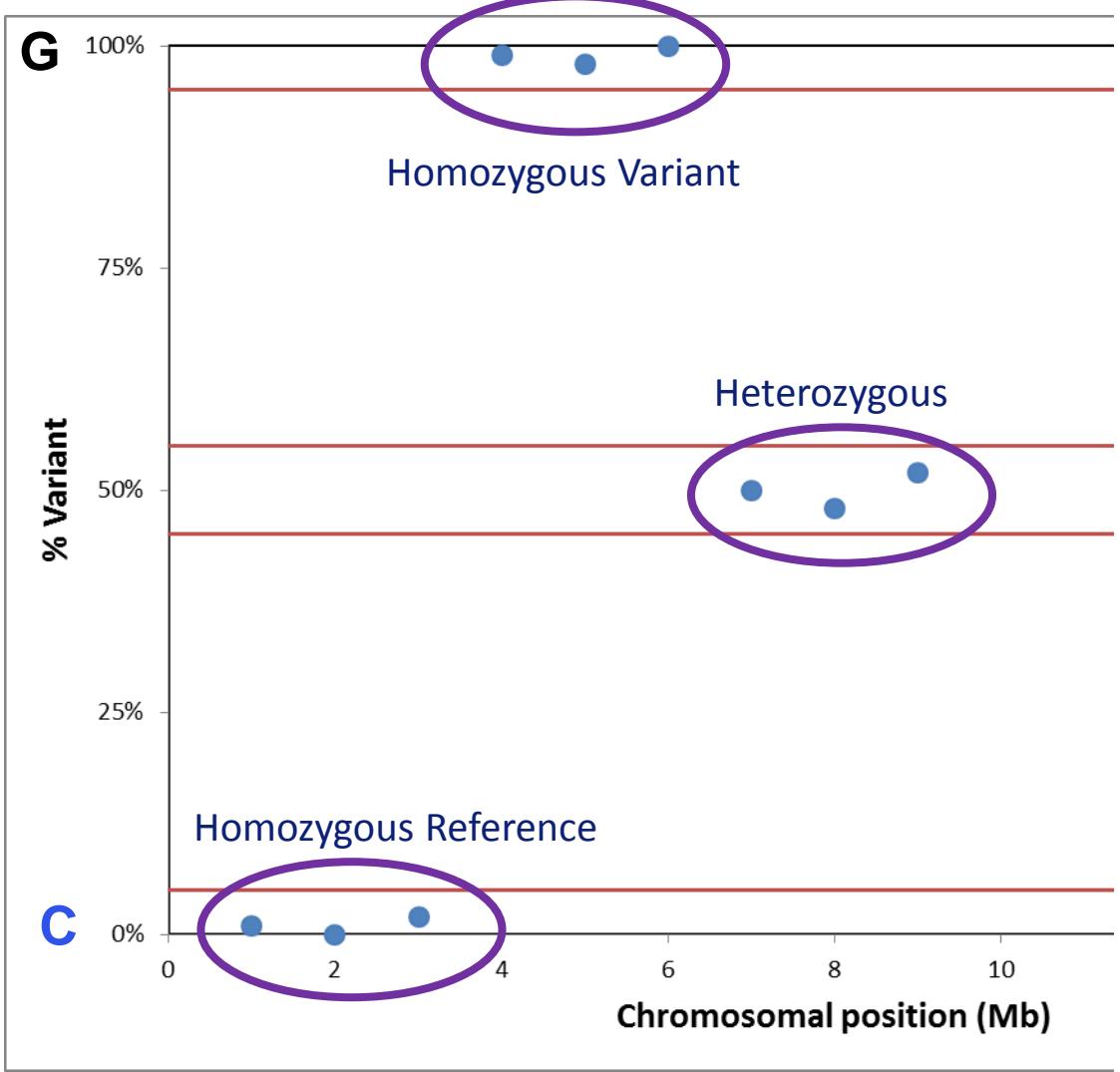
- Selectie hoog polymorfe SNPs in regio van interesse (bv chromosoom 1p en 19q)
- Sequencen SNPs mbv NGS analyse
- Berekenen van percentage variante allele (B-allel of minor allele frequentie)



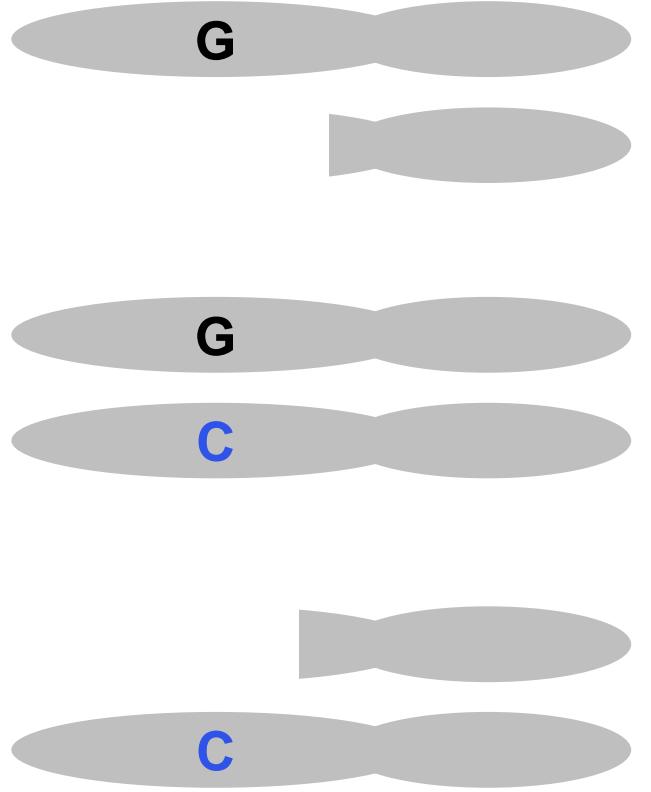
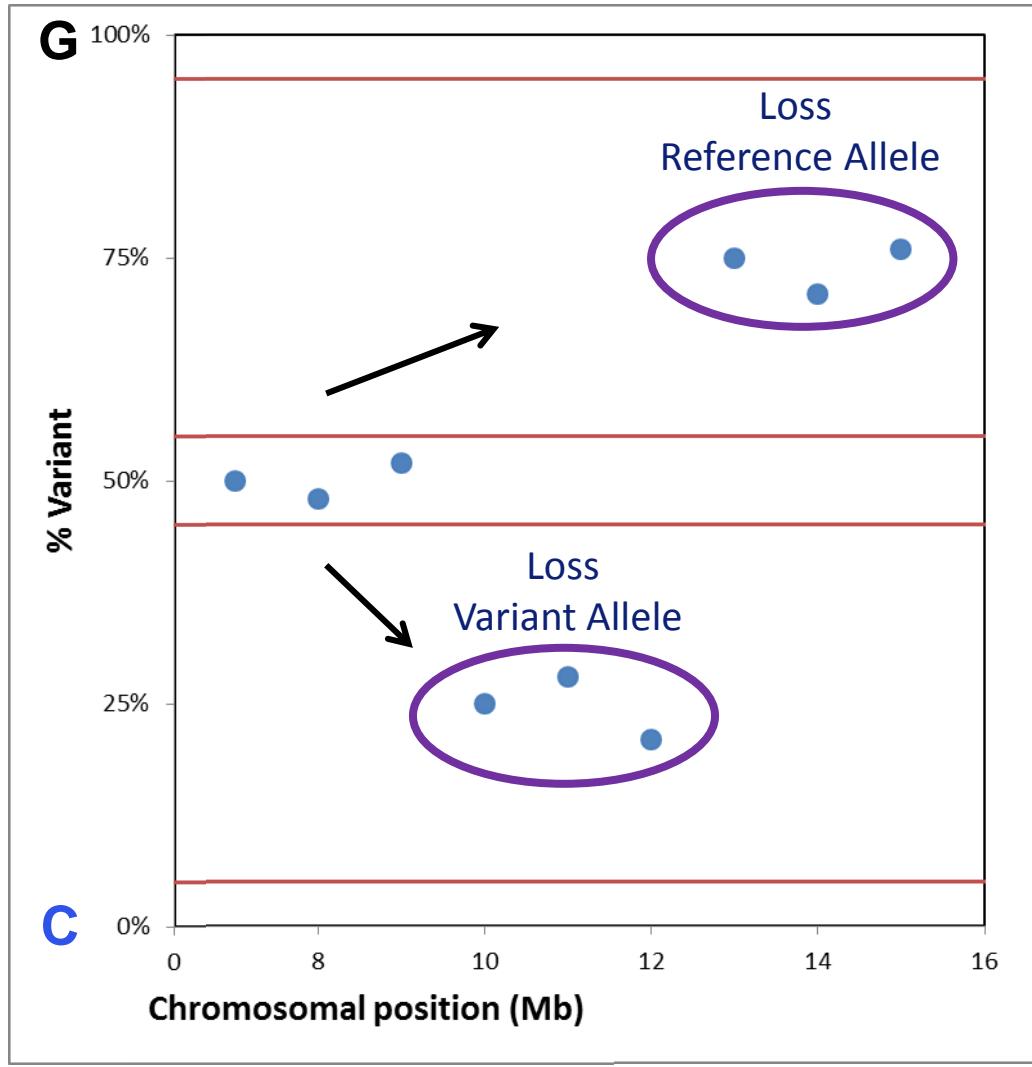
# CNV analyse mbv SNPs



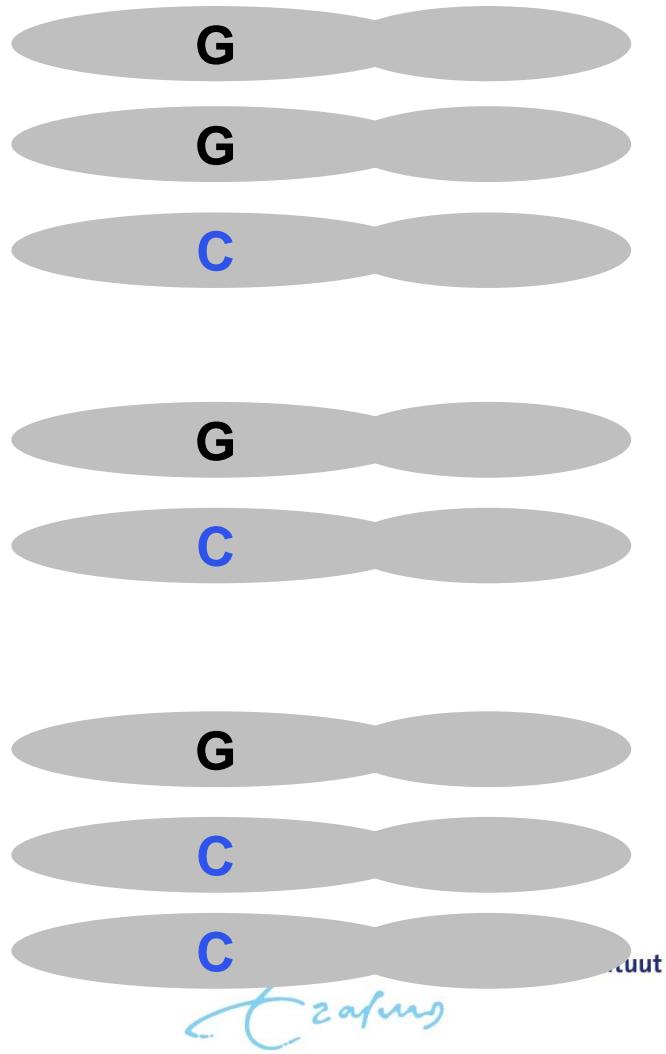
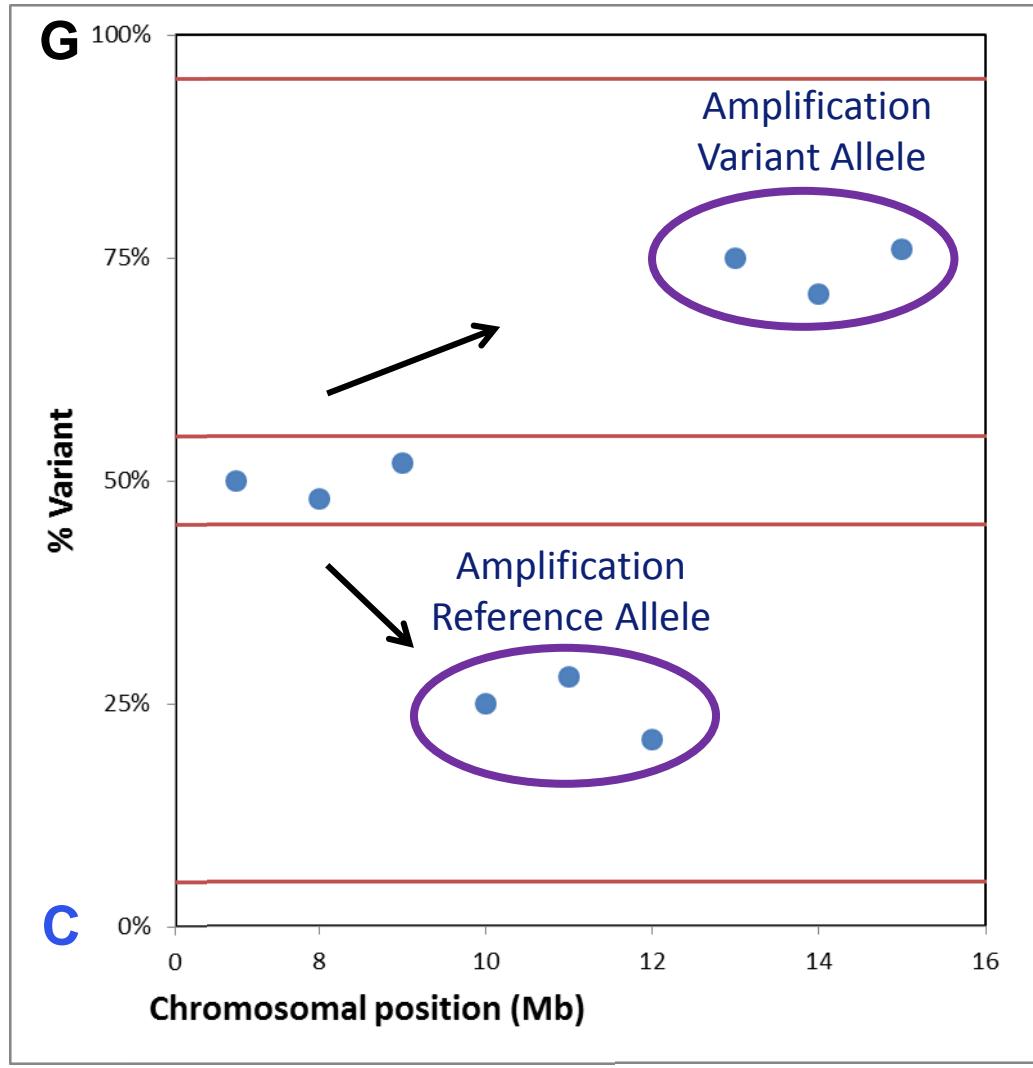
# CNV analyse mbv SNPs



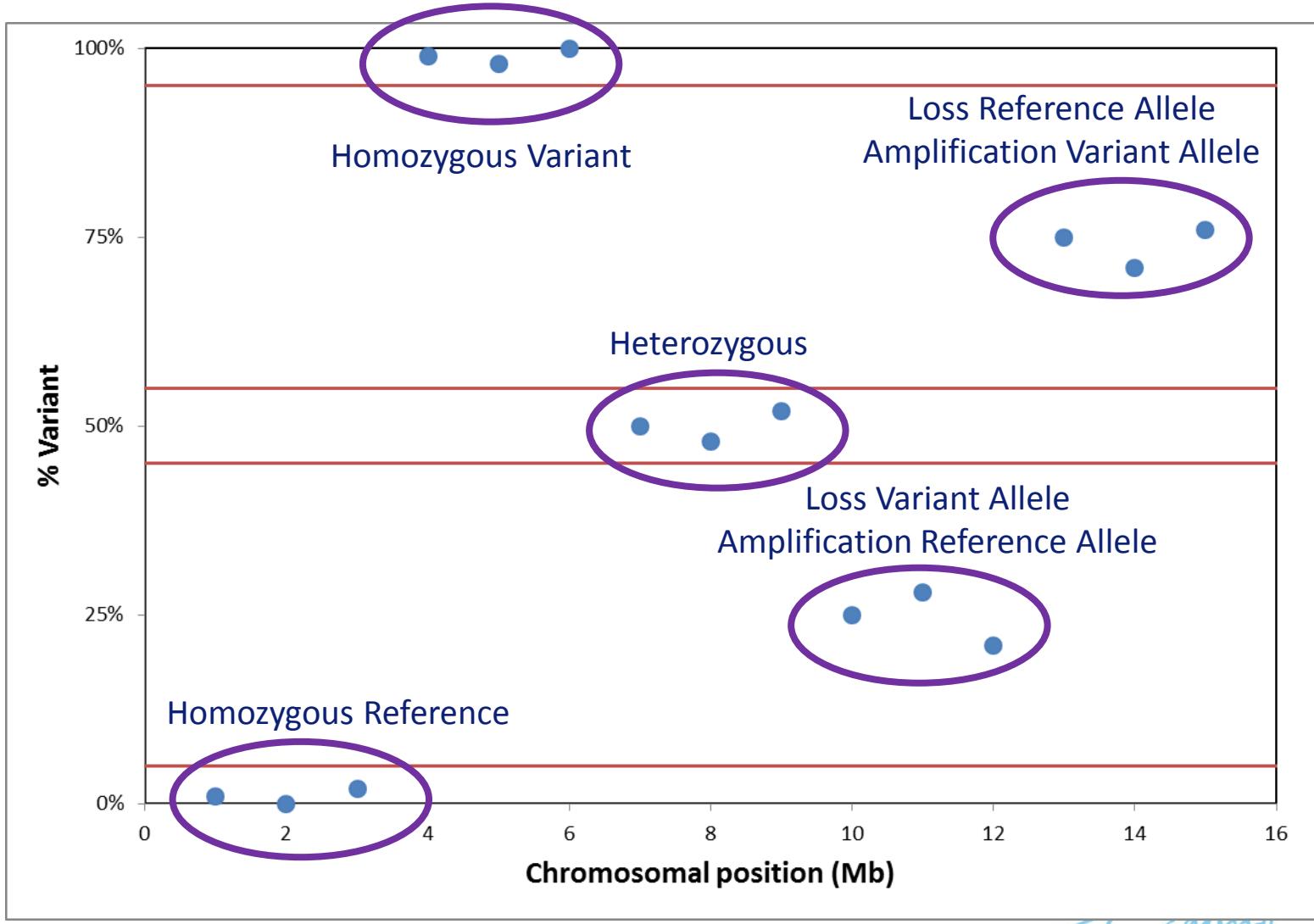
# CNV analyse mbv SNPs



# CNV analyse mbv SNPs

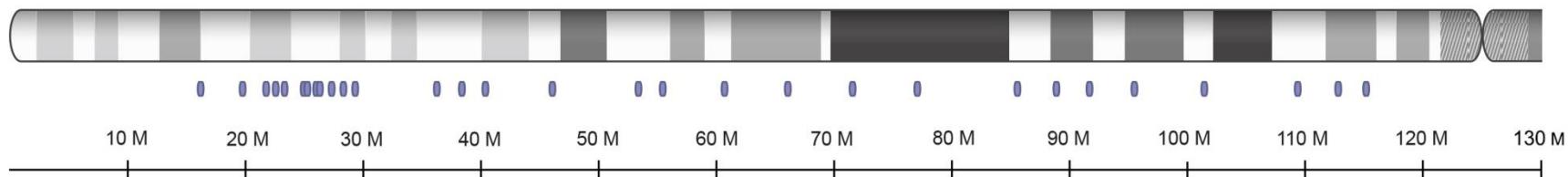


# CNV analyse mbv SNPs

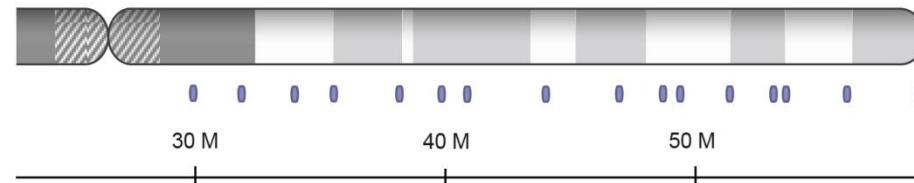


# Verdeling SNPs over chromosoom 1p en 19q

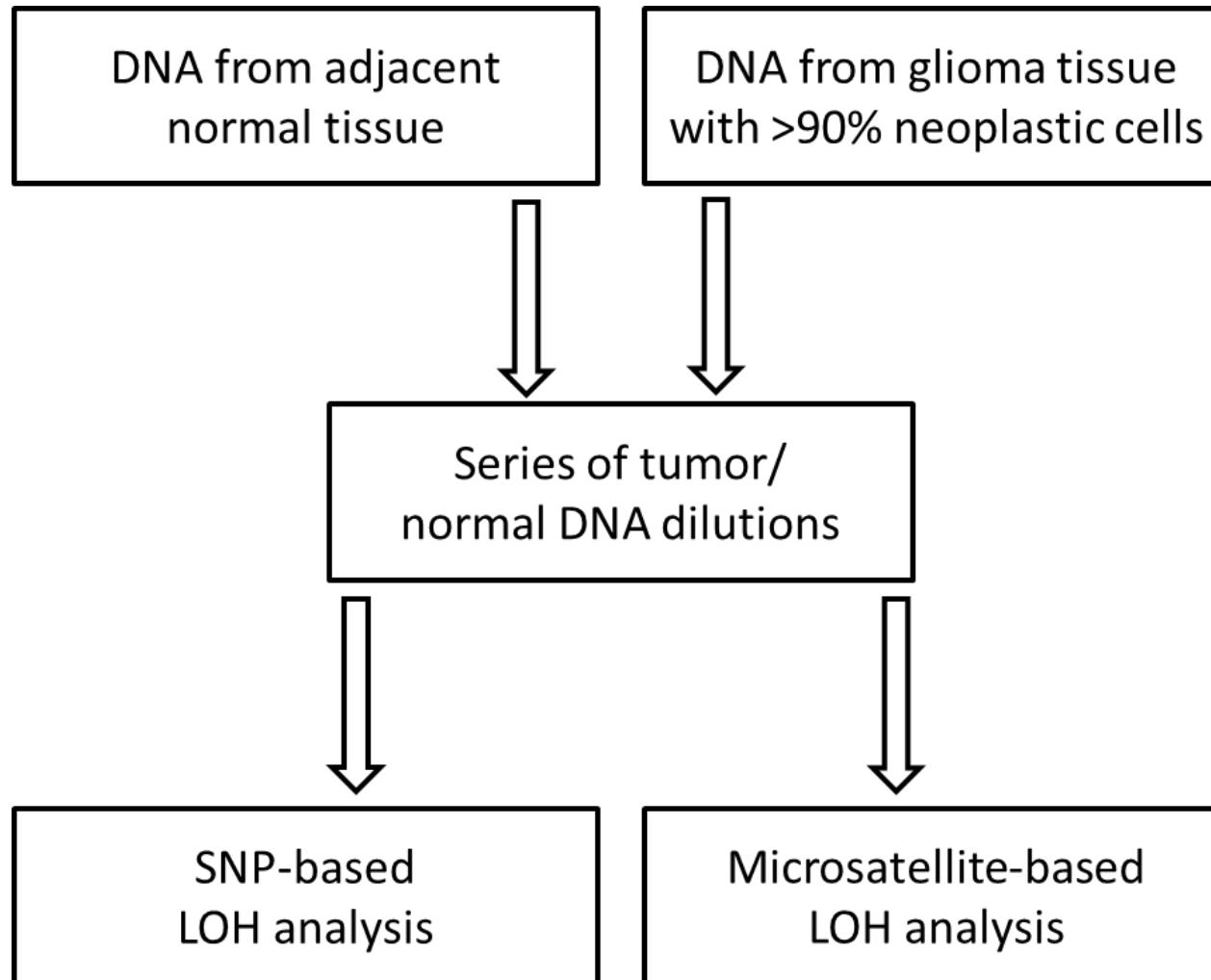
chr1



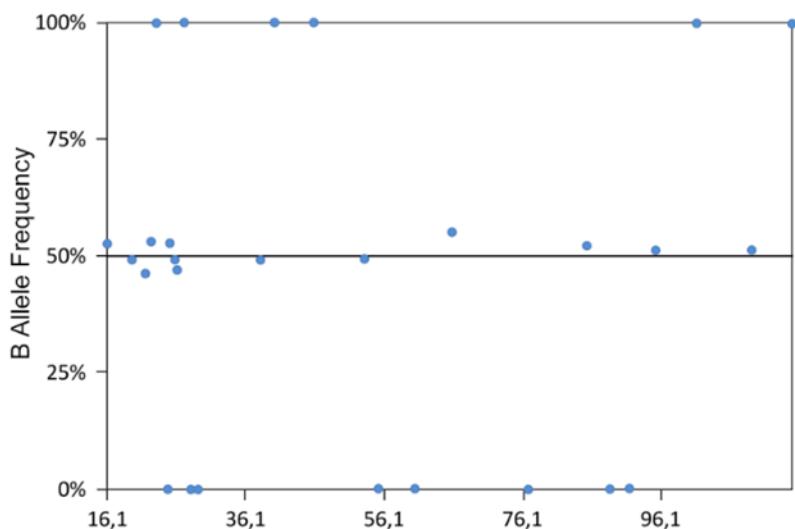
chr19



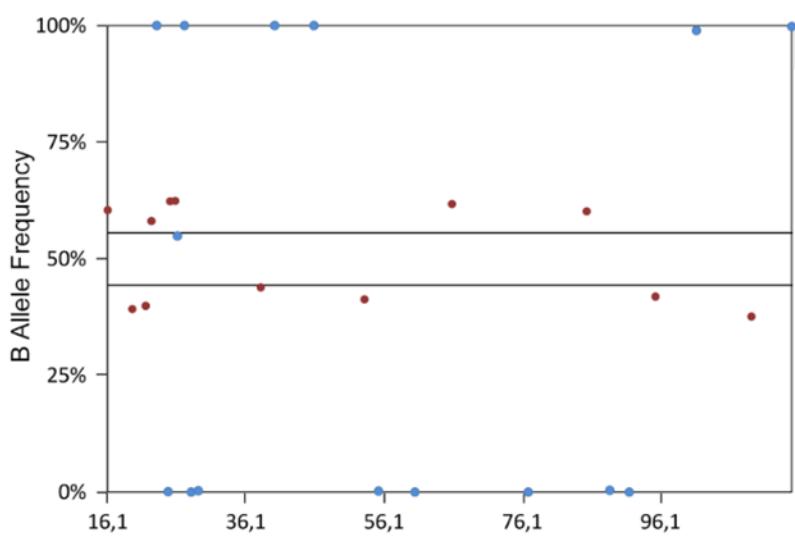
# Gevoeligheid SNP vs microsatelliet LOH analyse



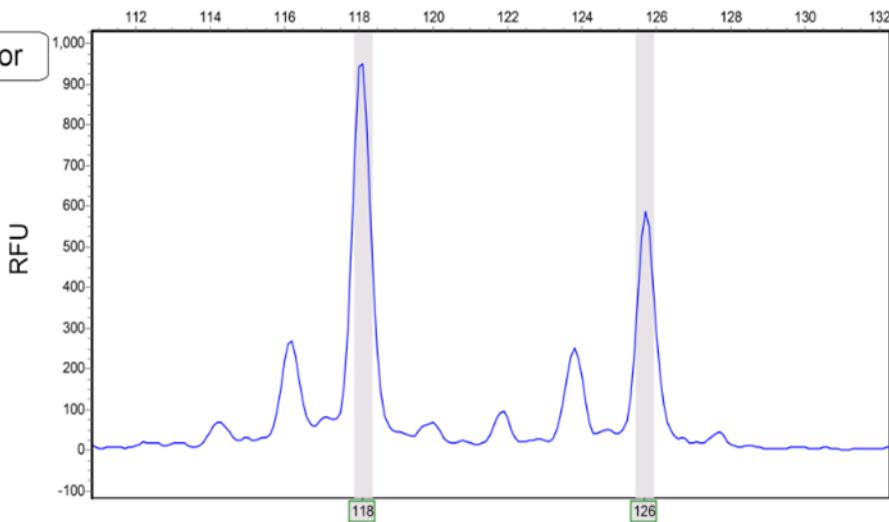
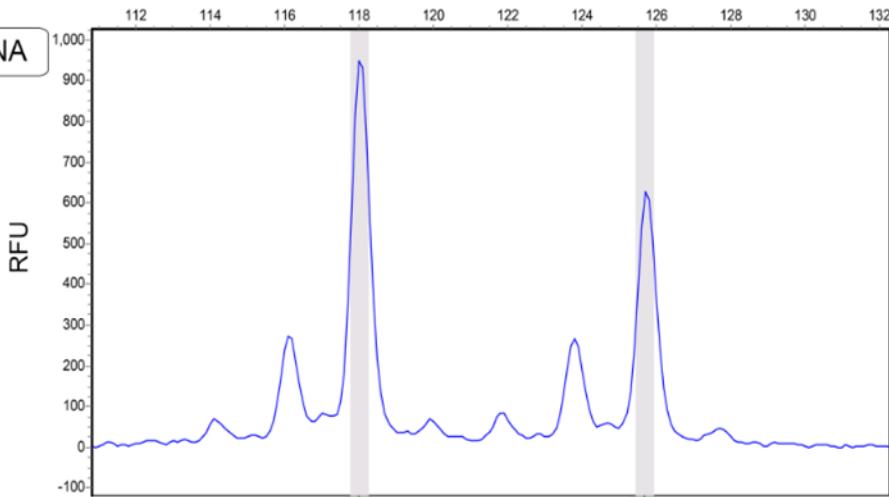
# Gevoeligheid SNP vs microsatelliet LOH analyse



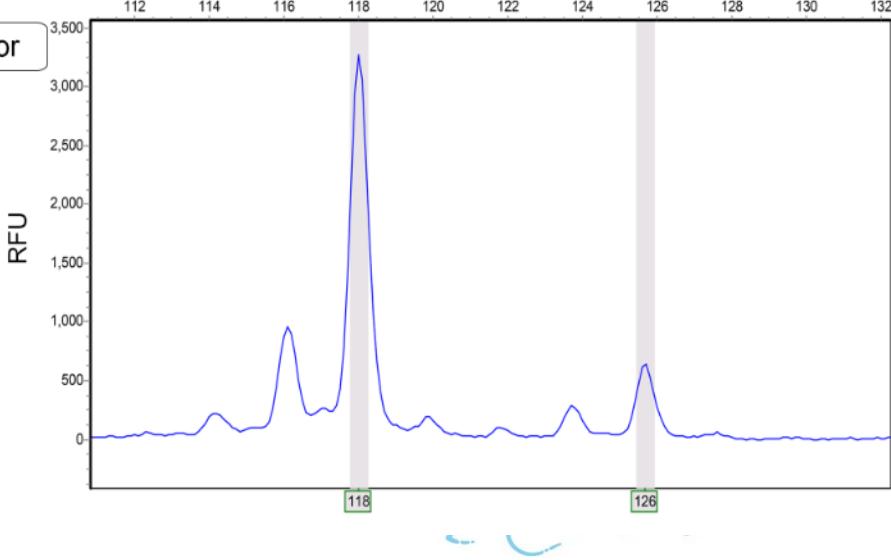
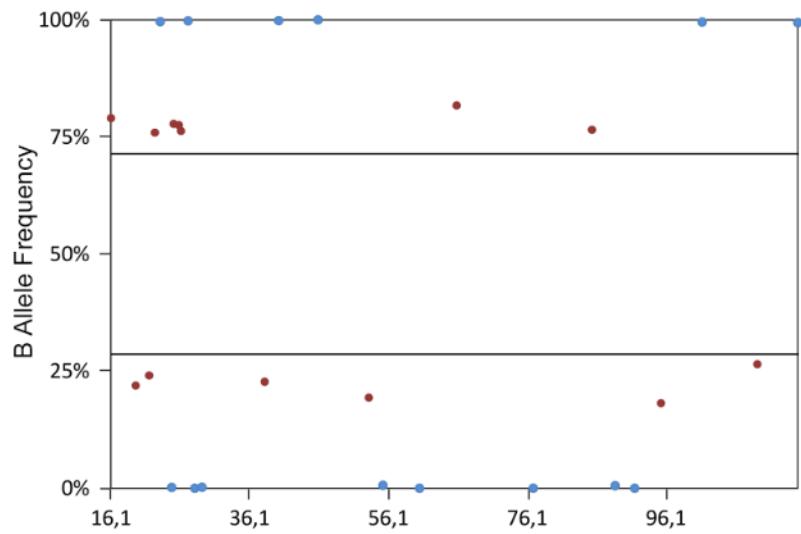
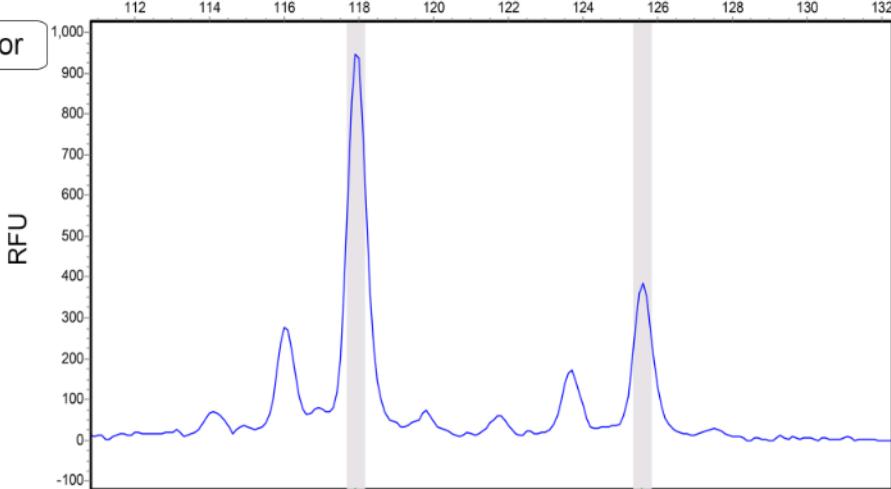
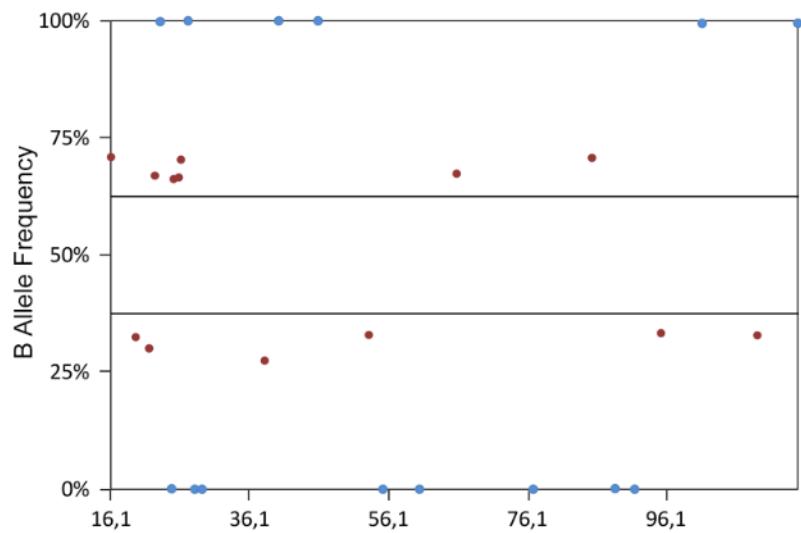
Normal DNA



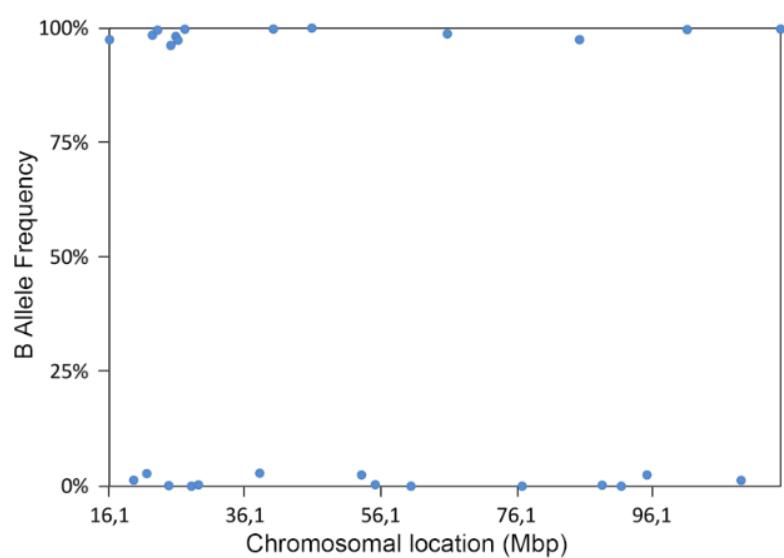
20 % Tumor



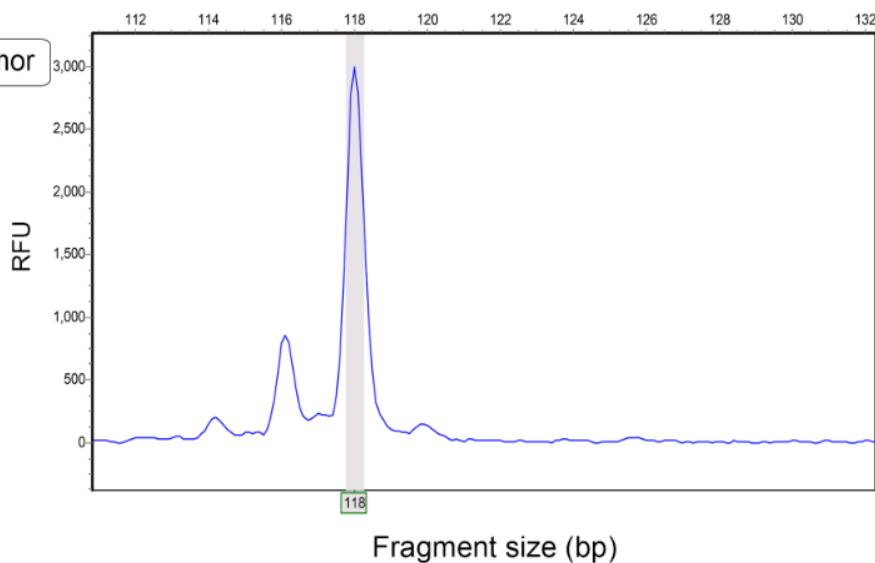
# Gevoeligheid SNP vs microsatelliet LOH analyse



# Gevoeligheid SNP vs microsatelliet LOH analyse



100 % Tumor

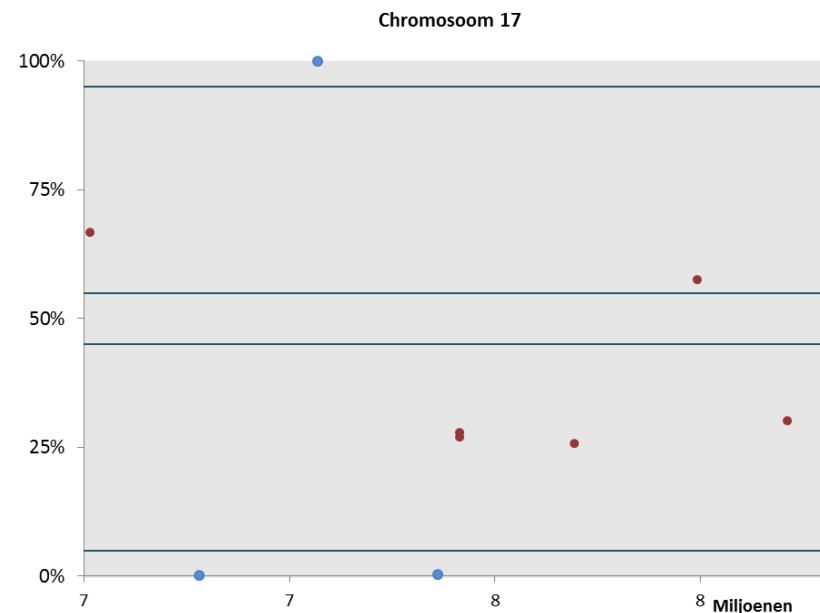
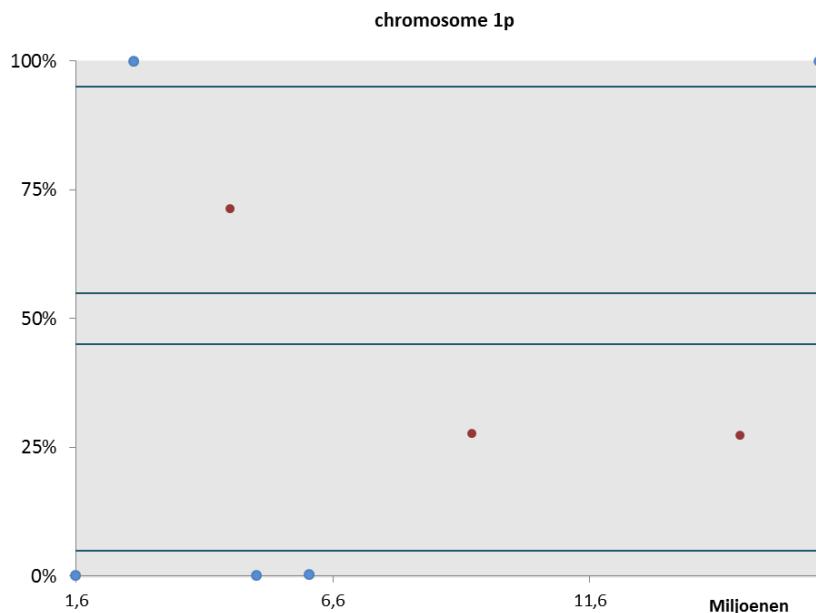
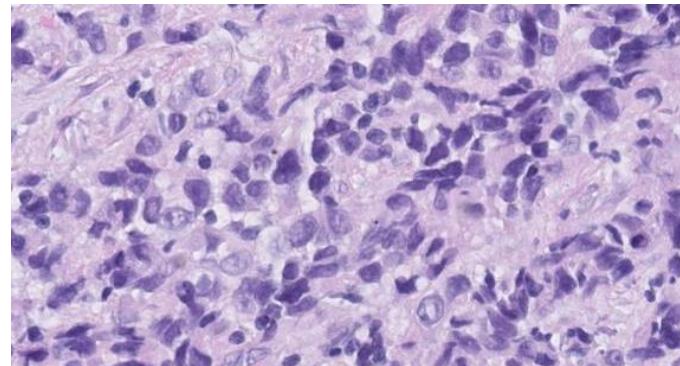


# Mutatie analyse longpanel ivm therapiekeuze

Adenocarcinoom long

Percentage neoplastische cellen: 40%

Geen mutaties gevonden met NGS

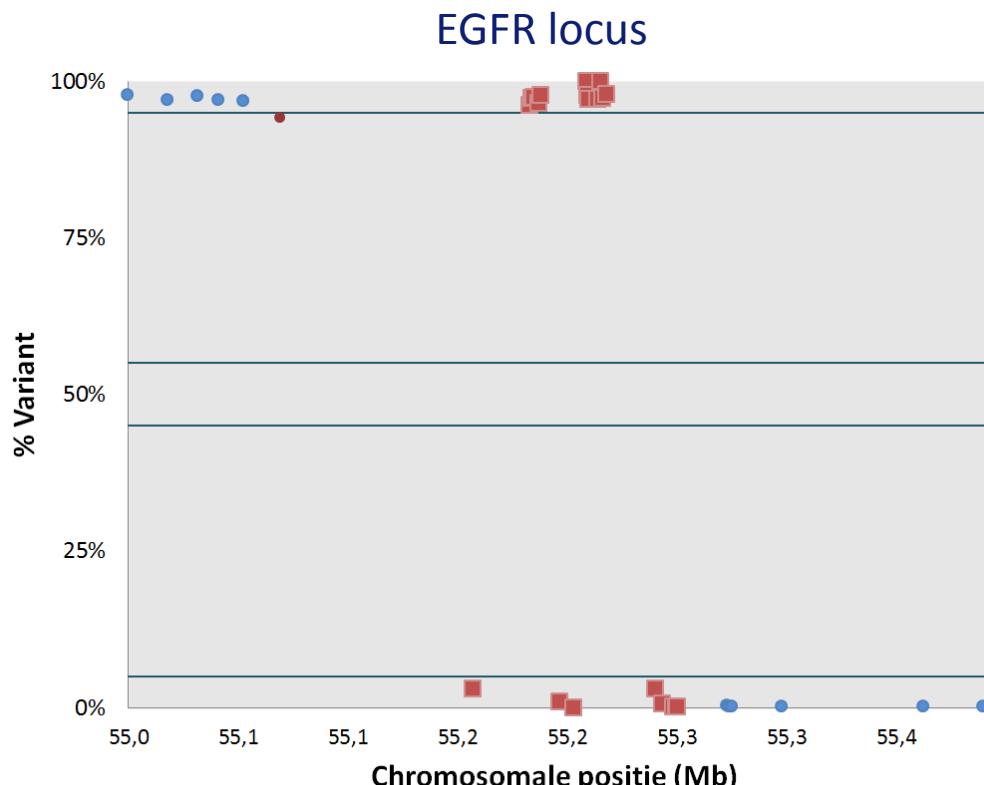
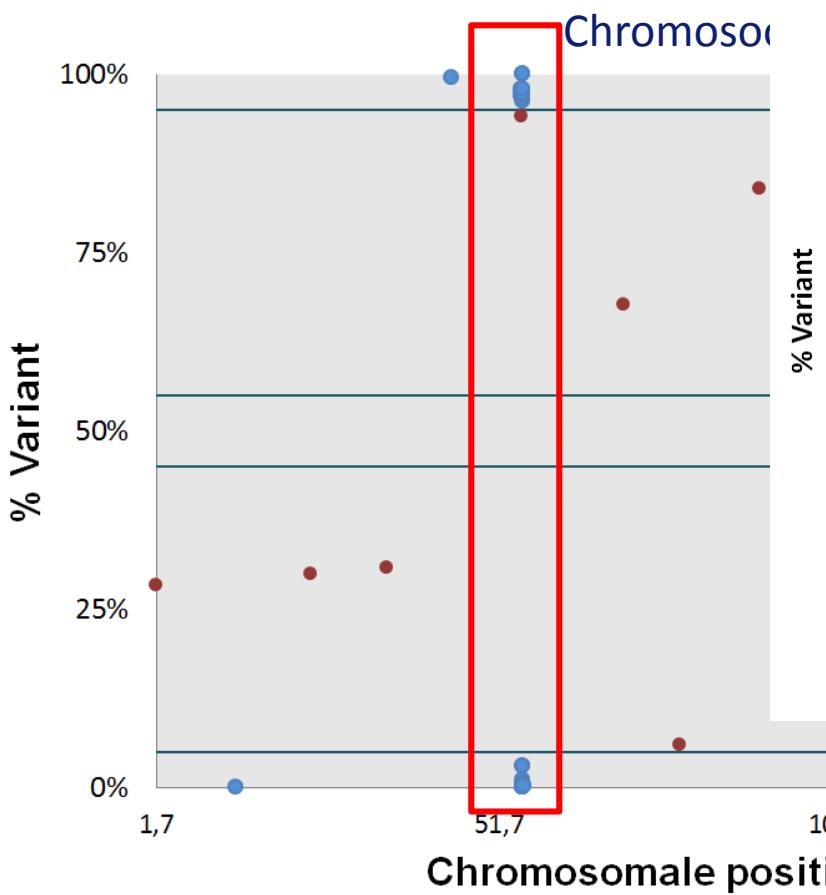


-> Afwijking past bij ongeveer 60% neoplastische cellen

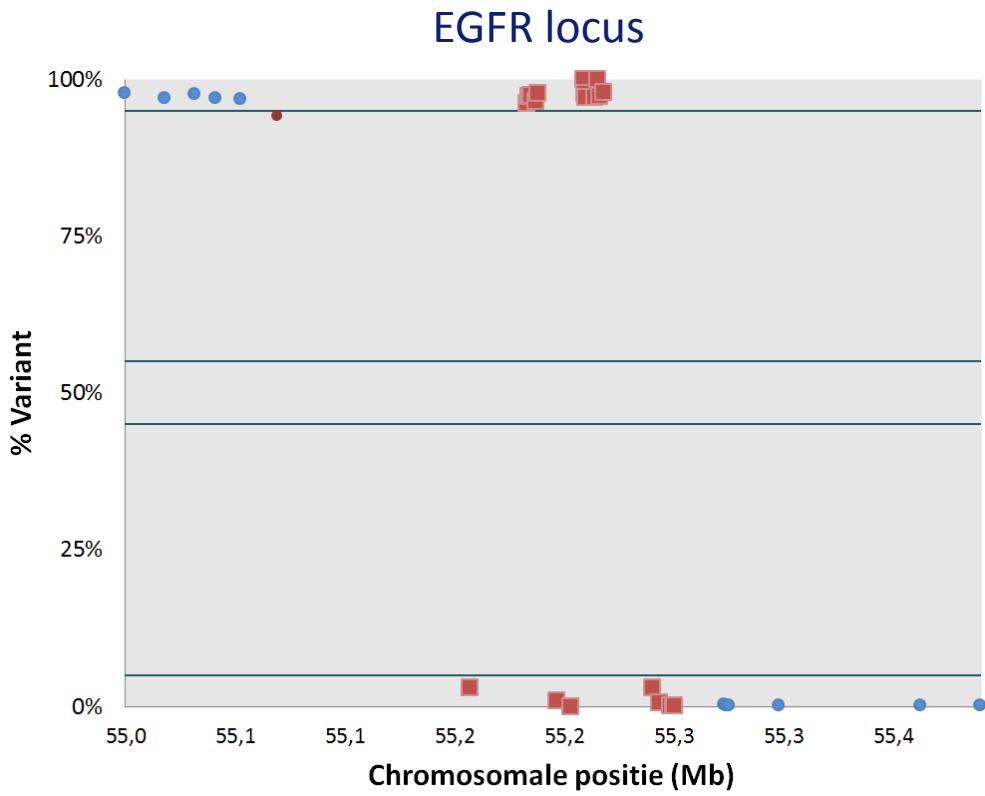
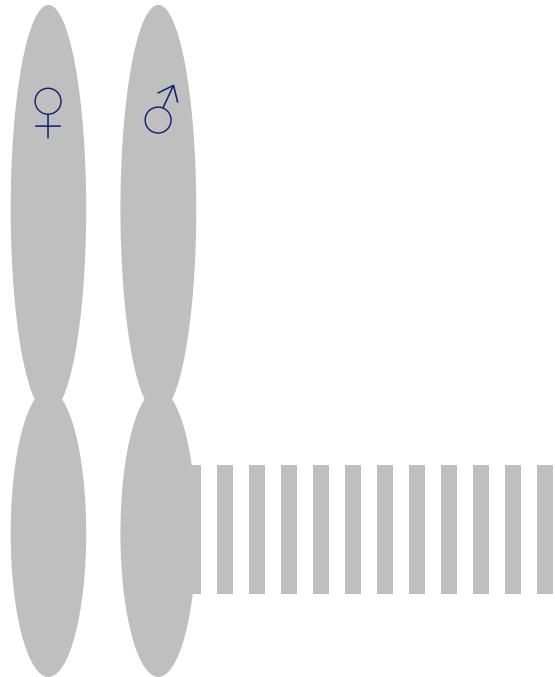
# Glioblastoom

Moleculaire analyse ivm therapiekeuze/differentiaal diagnostiek

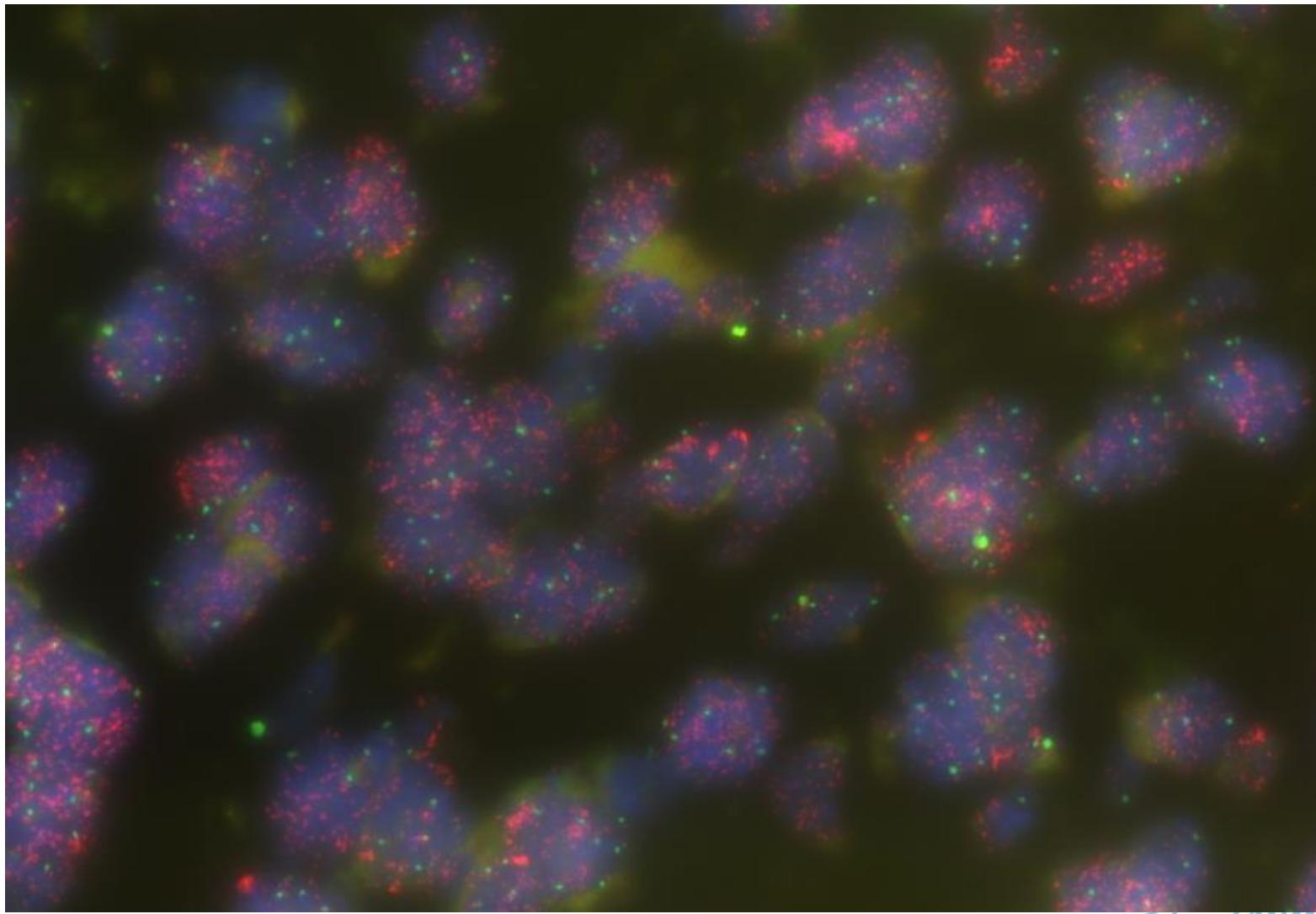
Percentage neoplastische cellen: 80%



# Glioblastoom



# Glioblastoom



Kanker Instituut

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# Conclusies

- SNP analyse is een gevoelige methode voor detectie van grote chromosomale afwijkingen in routine FFPE weefsels
- Normaal referentieweefsel is niet nodig
- De analyse kan worden uitgevoerd op kleine hoeveelheden DNA (3-10 ng)
- Goed te combineren met mutatie analyse

# Dankwoord

Moleculaire diagnostiek Erasmus MC Rotterdam

